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THE DELIA TIMES

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An Independent Weekly Newspaper Published in the Interest of Delia and the Surrounding District

Vol XXXII, No. 38 (Authorized as second class mail, Post Office Department, Ottawa) DELIA, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1950 $2.00 Per Year. Five Cents a Copy

FAREWELL PARTY

A well attended gathering of friends and neighbors was present in the annex of Delia United Church on Wednesday, Sept. 13, to bid farewell to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Thompson and Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Hewson, who are leaving the district to reside in Calgary.

All are old-time residents of close to forty years, and have been active supporters of the church and other community efforts; both ladies have served long years of faithful service in the interests of the Women's Missionary Society, while Mr. Thompson filled many posts, including that of school trustee for many years in the past and was also a Justice of the Peace.

Proceedings were in charge of Mrs. W. D. Fitzsimmons, and were opened by the pastor, Rev. H. G. de Leeuw, who welcomed the guests and commented on the purpose of the assembly in a few felicitious words.

The programme included two songs—"Smile the While," and "Now is the Hour," sung by four girls of Mrs. Hewson's Sunday School class.

Mr. Charles Hudgeon, who as a neighbor was called upon to speak of Mr. and Mrs. Hewson, confessed that in confronting a crowd he was apt to become stage-struck and that, next day, he could think of a good many things he should have said. Speaking of old days in the Sentinel Hill district, he described an episode in his recollection which occurred at a local entertainment with which he was personally concerned, in which he claimed to have taken thirty years off the ages of some of the ladies present.

Mrs. A. Whitman then sang—"God Bless this House," in her usual faultless manner.

Mr. Horace Martin, called on to speak of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Thompson, told of his inability in this direction, attributing it to the fact of being one against three in his own household. Referring to a request which had been made, that he tell some jokes of his experiences, he very much regretted that as such they would probably be unappreciated by the audience. He related a gruesome incident of the old Stettler trail and concluded with a tribute to his old friends now leaving.

The United Church choir then gave two songs: first—"When the Mists have Rolled Away," the second, and old favorite, "I was seeing Nelly home," was given with great spirit, being an adaptation to the names of the ladies being complimented.

Mrs. Macpherson and Mrs. William Sinclair presented flowers to the two ladies, and Mr. Roland Yorke made the gift presentation.

Mr. and Mrs. Thompson and Mr. and Mrs. Hewson thanked their friends and Mrs. Thompson made an earnest appeal to the younger women of the district to take the places in the organization from which both ladies are retiring, and for support of the new president, Mrs. Fitzsimmons.

Mr. Yorke made the closing remarks, after which lunch was served by the hostesses and the evening concluded with the singing of "Should Auld Acquaintance be Forgot."

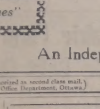
Frost Damage

Severe frost injury is reported from the Experimental Station at Beaverlodge, Alberta. On August 15 five inches of snow fell, which flattened the grain crops; and five degrees of frost the following night completely wiped out tender crops like tomatoes, corn and beans.

Officials say that cereal crops were considerably damaged by the frost, and low grades may be expected. Farther north at Fort Simpson, in N.W.T., the frost damage was reported to be light, and crops are said to be in excellent condition.

Common sense is not a common commodity.

JULIETTE



Songstress JULIETTE is looking forward to another busy season at CBC Vancouver. This past summer she was featured vocalist on a number of national network programs, including Current and Choice, Summer Romance and the Chuckwagon. She also made a guest appearance on CBC Startime. When the fall and winter musical programs are arranged by the CBC, Juliette is certain to be in the spotlight in more than one of them.

Random Notes

Mr. Churchill's rather startling suggestion of last week, that Canada provide three divisions of the 60 or 70 proposed to be stationed in western Europe as a deterrent to anticipated Communist aggression, may well give Ottawa authorities pause for serious thought.

Up to the present, beyond the special force now being trained, the official view appears to have been that Canada's job would be to provide arms for the United Nations and, additionally, provide facilities for the training of overseas airmen, as was done in the last war.

Old sweats of World War I will recall that four divisions of infantry and the limit of our contribution during long and exhausting years. In World War II, three divisions of infantry was Canada's strength. There were also two armoured divisions and two armoured brigades; although these might be assumed to represent the cavalry of older days.

It would seem, therefore, that to agree that three Canadian divisions should be stationed in western Europe, would amount to placing this country on a war footing.

Mr. Lester Pearson's view is to the effect that West Germany should be allowed to re-arm, but within the confines of United Nations' forces; however, he appears to be keeping an open mind on any suggestion of Canadian participation that may arise during the discussions of the Atlantic Pact Council, now meeting in New York.

* * *

IN MEMORIAM

Field-Marshal Jan Christian Smuts died on Monday, September 11th, at the age of eighty years. Funeral services were held in Pretoria, South Africa, on Friday, September 15th.

Known the world over as soldier and statesman, he was also scholar, author, a lover of literature, and a firm believer in humanity's ultimate destiny.

Sunset and Evening Star,
And one clear call for me!
And may there be no moaning at the bar
When I put out to sea;

But such a tide as moving seems asleep,
Too full for sound or foam;
When that which drew from out the boundless deep
Turns again home.

Twilight and evening bell,
And after that the dark;
And may there be no sadness of farewell
When I embark.

For tho' from out our bourn of time and space
The tide may bear me far,
I hope to meet my Pilot—face to face
When I have crossed the bar.

Alfred (Lord) Tennyson.

In the United States it is illegal to sell milk from cows which have eaten silage treated with DDT. Chemical tests have shown that this weed killer can pass into the milk and result in harmful effects to the consumers.

Majestic-Farrell Lake W.I.

The monthly meeting of Majestic-Farrell Lake W. I. was held on September 7th, at the home of Mrs. Albert Kohsel. Despite the busy harvest season, nineteen ladies managed to be present.

After a few minor items of business were attended to, the subject of our annual fall bazaar was brought up. It was decided that we hold it, and a dance, on November 3rd, at Springwater school; and that we raffle an auto rug, instead of the customary doll on that evening.

The deplorable condition of the piano at the school was discussed and enquiries are under way toward its improvement.

Mrs. Art Hoover expressed her sincere appreciation to all who were responsible for the success of our Anniversary Banquet on August 16th, and a hearty handclap for them was begun by Mrs. Sam Thompson.

Mrs. Alvin Dodd offered to see that a basement window in the Springwater school was repaired.

Two excellent reports were given to conclude the meeting:—Mrs. Frank De Mott read one on Fellowship, which was very seasonable; while Mrs. Margaret Sandberg read a very fragrant one on the "Culture of Roses."

The roll call was answered by members giving canning hints and recipes.

Mrs. Jim Thompson donated the surprise parcel, a brightly colored tea towel, which was won by Mrs. William Newman.

Mrs. A. Dawson, a guest of her daughter, Mrs. Buckley Limpert, was present as a welcome visitor.

Mrs. C. Christensen joined the Institute at this meeting.

Women's Missionary Society

The regular monthly meeting of the W.M.S. was held in the church annex on the afternoon of September 14. The president, Mrs. W. D. Fitzsimmons, in the chair.

Mrs. Peters had charge of the devotional period, reading the 13th chapter of I Corinthians on charity, and leading in prayer. She also took the occasion to commend Mrs. Hewson and Mrs. Thompson on their faithfulness in the W.M.S. work, and Mrs. Hewson's work in the Sunday school.

The minutes of the June meeting were read and approved. A letter from the Alberta Conference Branch secretary Mrs. Lang, was read, in which she alerted all W.M.S. workers to be on guard for the sanctity of the Lord's Day, and for legislation as a defence of the public against drunken drivers, who are a menace on the highways at all times.

Reports were given by the various secretaries. The Supply Secretary reported on the parcel of good used clothing sent, via Vancouver, for the Orient.

The roll call was answered by a verse on Charity. Mrs. Thompson read an interesting sermonette by her brother-in-law, Rev. M. Thompson, on the Mission fields' need for both workers and for financial support.

The meeting closed with the hymn, "I need Thee every Hour," and the Mizpah benediction.

Mrs. Fitzsimmons, on behalf of the Auxiliary members, presented Mrs. Thompson and Mrs. Hewson each with a cup and saucer, and spoke of the faithfulness of these two willing workers of the W.M.S. over a period of years. They will be greatly missed.

Lunch was served by Mrs. Macpherson, and a social half hour was enjoyed around the teacups.

Card of Thanks

We wish to thank our many kind friends of the Hand Hills district for the lovely gifts received at our shower. A special thanks to the hostesses, program and decorating committee.

Mr. and Mrs. Eric Hansen.

Minutes M.D. Council of Starland, No. 47

The regular meeting of the Council of the Municipal District of Starland No. 47, was held in the municipal office, Morrin, on Tuesday, September 12th, 1950, at 10:00 a.m. Members present as follows: Reeve Waters, Dep. Reeve Rowe, Couns. Carter, Nelson, and McLaren.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved, on motion of Coun. Carter.

Reeve Waters presented the Municipal Inspector's Report and moved that same be accepted and filed, to be read at the next annual meeting. Carried.

Moved by Coun. McLaren and carried, that the following resolution be presented at the annual convention of the Alberta Association of Municipal Districts, to be held in Calgary on November 22nd to 24th, inclusive:—

"WHEREAS: Section 166 of the Municipal District Act provides that, on receipt of a petition signed by twenty Electors, the Reeve shall by public notice call a public meeting of the Electors of the Municipal District, and

"WHEREAS: in an enlarged Municipal District, the number of signatures required is too small a percentage of the total number of Electors and is consequently not truly representative;

"THEREFORE: be it resolved that this Convention recommend that the said Section be so amended as to require the signatures of at least ten per cent of the resident Electors."

Moved by Dep. Reeve Rowe and carried, that the membership fee for the Alberta Association of Municipal Districts in the sum of $72.00, be paid.

Letter from the Farmers' Union of Alberta containing resolution re collection of dues was read and ordered filed, on motion of Coun. Nelson.

Moved by Reeve Waters and carried, that a grant of $100.00 be made to the Drumheller District Agricultural Society, and that the necessary by-law be passed.

By-law No. 140 was accordingly given three readings, and passed unanimously.

A petition requesting that the allocation for road construction under Item 3, Agreement "A"—Government Grant Agreement, be not transferred to a new location, was read; and it was moved by Reeve Waters and carried that, as the work had already been completed in the new location, no action be taken and that the petition be filed.

Moved by Coun. Carter and carried, that an offer received to purchase two lots in the Hamlet of Michichi, on behalf of the Boy Scouts, be referred to Dep. Reeve Rowe for further information.

Moved by Coun. Carter and carried, that this council do hereby consent that the following parcel be taken out of this Municipal District and annexed to the Village of Rumsey, viz.: That portion of the South West quarter of Section Nineteen (19), in Township Thirty-three (33), Range Twenty (20), West of the Fourth Meridian in the Province of Alberta, which lies westerly of the Roadway as shown on a Plan filed in the Land Titles' Office for the South Alberta Land Registration District as 4642 E.Z., containing Two and five-tenths (2.5) acres more or less. Excepting thereout forty-eight hundredths (.48) of an acre more or less for a Railway right-of-way shown on a Plan filed in the said Land Titles' Office as R.Y. 428; and, reserving unto His Majesty, His Successors and Assigns all mines and minerals and the right to work the same as set forth in Patent 4239 E.Z.

Moved by Reeve Waters and carried, that P. Schnurer (Sr.) be paid the sum of $5.00 for loading 20 yds of shale in 1949.

Moved by Coun. McLaren and carried, that application form for assistance under Prairie Farm Assistance Act be completed, and forwarded to Regina and Edmonton.

Report of H. F. Irwin, Field Supervisor, for the past month, was accepted and filed, on motion of Coun. Carter.

Moved by Coun. Nelson and carried that Dr. G. S. Peppin, Drumheller, be appointed Veterinary Inspector under Section 3, Livestock Diseases' Act, for control of Bang's Disease in cattle.

Notice was received from the Chief Maintenance Engineer, Dept of Public Works, that an additional grant of $4798.00 had been allocated to this Municipal District; and it was moved by Coun. McLaren and carried, that this grant be accepted, and that the District Engineer be so advised.

Moved by Reeve Waters and carried, that the Secretary obtain prices and information re automatic coal stokers, and report at the next meeting.

Moved by Reeve Waters and carried, that a claim be sent to the

Continued on back page, column 4.

Have a cleaner, more comfortable home. And have time to spare for those extra things you want to do.

Heat and cook with oil and banish time wasted tending fires, and extra cleaning caused by ashes and dirt. Use Esso Domestic Heating Oils in space heaters, floor furnaces, automatic oil burners, hot water heaters, stoves, stock trough heaters and chicken brooders.

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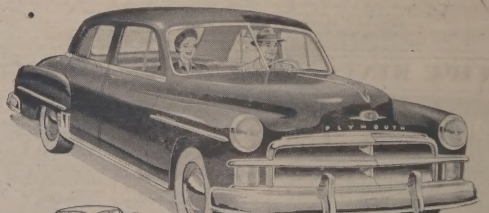
1950 PLYMOUTH



PLYMOUTH LIKES TO BE COMPARED! SEE IT NOW

DRIVE IT . . . COMPARE IT!—

AND PROVE TO YOURSELF THAT THE ROOMY, SMOOTH-RIDING PLYMOUTH IS STILL THE GREATEST VALUE OF ALL

A. T. Marshall, Central Garage. Phone 30, Delia.

A Worthwhile Effort

THE PROBLEM OF DISPOSING of surplus products is one of the most complex economic problems affecting agriculture. This is not a new problem, yet it is one in which little progress appears to be made toward finding a satisfactory solution. Limiting production is one way of cutting down the volume of surplus products, and most farmers on this continent have at some time had experience with this practice. Surpluses of perishable goods are often destroyed, as are other types of crops for which no profitable markets can be found. Recently a large potato crop in the United States, for which there was not sufficient demand, was dealt with in this way. The unsatisfactory situation which is created when food production is limited or surpluses destroyed, while at the same time there are people in need of food, is fully realized, but it is beyond the power of the farmers to deal with the economic difficulties which lie behind this problem.

* * * * *

Canadian Now On Committee

The members of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations are aware of the need to find a way to make it possible for farmers to grow as much as their land will produce, and for their products to reach those countries where there is need for them. Canadian farmers have a special interest in this matter since they have frequently been faced with the problems created by large surpluses. Recently Dr. G. S. H. Barton, former deputy minister of agriculture in the federal government has been appointed to the executive committee of the Commodity Problems of the F.A.O. This committee is now studying means of increasing world food supplies and at the same time finding a practical way of distributing surplus products to countries which are short of food.

* * * * *

Meetings Held In Washington

The committee, under the chairmanship of Dr. Barton, has a permanent secretariat in Washington, and meets there every two weeks. Any of the sixty-one nations who are members of the Food and Agriculture Organization, and who have surpluses, report to the Commodity Committee which studies ways and means of finding markets for them. Dr. Barton's long experience with problems related to Canadian agriculture has given him an excellent background for the new work he is undertaking and the committee is fortunate in having such a man with matters which are of great importance at this time. It has been said that the elimination of food shortages in the world would do much to combat political unrest. It would at least raise living standards, and remove one of the farmer's most serious problems. The work done by the Commodity Committee will be watched with interest by many Canadians.

Trust **MAGIC** for sure-fire baking success!

WALNUT BUTTERMILK LOAF

Mix and sift twice, then sift into a bowl, 2½ c. once-sifted pastry flour (or 2¼ c. once-sifted hard-wheat flour), 2 tsps. Magic Baking Powder, ½ tsp. baking soda, 1½ tsps. salt, ½ tsp. ground nutmeg, ½ c. lightly packed brown sugar, ½ c. rolled oats and 1 c. broken walnuts. Combine 1 well-beaten egg, 1 c. buttermilk, 2 tsps. grated orange rind, 1 tsp. vanilla and 5 tbs. shortening, melted. Make a well in dry ingredients and add liquids; mix lightly. Turn into a loaf pan (4½" x 8½") which has been greased and lined with greased paper. Bake in a rather slow oven, 325°, about 1 hour. Serve cold, thinly sliced and lightly buttered.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

Wood. Paper Exports Hit Peacetime Record

OTTAWA. — Wood and paper exports led the parade as Canada's sales of goods to foreign countries during the first half of 1950 reached a new peacetime high of $1,430,600,000, the bureau of statistics reported.

Exports to the United States, which last year totalled $905,000,000, were the highest in the history of Canada-United States trade.

The 1950 figure up $6,000,000 from the previous record of $1,424,600,000 in the first half of 1948, saw Canada's exports to the U.S. account for 63 per cent. of her total shipments abroad the world, compared with 54 per cent. in the same 1949 period.

Shipments during June, worth $289,200,000, a record so far this year, compared with $287,000,000 in May and $255,100,000 in June last year.

Sales of $900,850,000 to the U.S. during the first year was up 31 per cent. from $690,850,000 last year. While exports to the U.S. increased, shipments during the six-month period were lower to such countries as the United Kingdom, other Commonwealth countries, Latin America and Europe.

TOOK THE HARD WAY

READING, Pa.—Asher B. Stichler got rid of an annoying hornet's nest the hard way.

Stichler poked a flaming stick at the nest in a corner of a tool shed at the rear of his home.

Now the hornets are gone—and the tool shed, too.

RECIPE HINTS

There's something about an out-door get-together like a picnic that is more real fun than any other kind of affair. The informality, the rough-and-ready clothing . . . the way burned wienies and hamburgers (that never would be tolerated at home) are enjoyed, is amazing, even to the ravenous eaters. Dry twigs, cut from nearby bushes are just as good as elegant toasting forks . . . and paper plates and napkins serve exactly as well as wonted Limoges. Nothing much is needed except loads of food, as picnics seem to swell your eating capacity, and plenty of time in which to enjoy yourself. 2893

Prairies Warned Cutworm Invasion May Be Expected

WINNIPEG.—A stern warning of serious cutworm infestation in western crops during 1951 was given by the dominion field crop insect laboratory here, it was announced today.

Considerable damage has been done to present crops by the Pale Western cutworm and the forecast said that the infestation would be more serious and more widespread next year.

Only one method of control has so far been discovered, officials said. All summerfallow should be completed as far from the end of July as possible and the land untouched until mid-September.

Cattle should be kept off the land and a crust allowed to form on the summerfallow surface, shortly after August 1. This will cut off breeding grounds of the cutworm, the report said.

Farmers in areas which have suffered from drouth during the 1950 season, are warned to take special precautions, officials of the laboratories said.

Salt Found In Oil Well Test

EDMONTON—Imperial Oil officials reported that salt water had been obtained in drill stem tests at the Stony Plain No. 1 wildcat well. They said drilling and testing is continuing and there still is hope that oil in commercial quantities can be produced from the well, located on the Stony Indian reservation about 18 miles west of here.

COMMANDER OF THUNDERBIRDS — Commanding officer of 426 Transport Squadron, the "Thunderbirds", to fly in support of the United Nations in the Pacific airlift, is Wing Commander C. H. Mussells of Montreal, who flew as a Pathfinder pilot during the last war. A graduate of the R.C.A.F. Staff college, he took over command of 426 after serving as a staff officer at air force headquarters. — Central Press Canadian.

Funny and Otherwise

Friend: "What do you consider the greatest poem ever written?"

Poet: "Well, it isn't quite complete yet. I'm just putting the finishing touches to it."

* * *

Smith was ill in bed and one of his creditors rang up about a long-outstanding debt.

"Come round and I'll give you something," promised Smith.

When the creditor arrived posthaste and offered the sick-room he said, "Thanks for promising to give me something."

"That's all right," grinned Smith. "Help yourself to some 'Fu germs—that's why I'm 'in bed."

* * *

Mother—"Don't ask so many questions, child. Curiosity killed the cat."

Phyllis—"What did the cat want to know, mother?"

* * *

The grateful father was thanking the young man for his bravery in rescuing his daughter from the river. He finished up: "Do you realize, my boy, the great debt you are placing yourself in?"

To which the rescuer replied briefly: "There wasn't any, I am a champion swimmer and I am already married."

* * *

Patient: "I can't imagine what's the matter with me, doctor. I'm always thinking about myself."

Doctor: "Tut! tut! You must stop worrying over trifles!"

* * *

A couple of artists were chatting. Said one: "How's Hemingway, of the 80th Foot, getting on?"

"Oh, he's getting on fine."

"And Cartwright of the 25th?"

"He's getting worse."

"By the way, how's your sister?"

"Oh, she's gone off with gout."

"Gad, man—not Gout of the 17th?"

* * *

Contributor: "I have brought you a few four stanzas, sir."

Editor (eyeing it): "I count five."

Contributor (mystified): "Sir?"

Editor: "Yes; in addition to the four, you see, I note it stanzas chance of going into the waste basket."

* * *

He had arrived home late, and was being told all about it by his wife. At last he lost his temper, too, and said a few things back.

"I don't care," he said, "I mean exactly what I say. I'm a man who calls a spade a spade."

His wife snorted. "Maybe, James," she said icily, "you do call a spade a spade, but you don't call a club a club— you call that working late at the office."

* * *

Insurance salesman: "Rastus, you better let me write you an accident policy."

Rastus: "No, sah! Ah ain't any too safe at home as it am."

* * *

Prospective Bride: Oh, I didn't accept Harry the first time he proposed.

Rival: No, you weren't there.

* * *

The stout, balding man was pantingly describing his tennis technique.

"My brain barks out a command to my body. Run forward and slam the ball over the net, then walk back!"

"And then what?" he was asked.

"And then," he replied, "my body says, Who? Me?"

* * *

Diner: "Cold soup again, I see."

Waiter (about to serve soup): "How do you know, sir? You haven't had any yet."

Diner: "Ah, no, but I see you aren't scalding your thumb."

MANITOBA PLANS TO DIVERT RIVER

PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE, Man.—Engineers of the prairie farm rehabilitation administration have begun study of the possibility of partially diverting the Assiniboine river into Lake Manitoba.

The aim would be to relieve spring flood conditions.

One of the elements in the government's decision on sending ground troops to Korea is expected to be the prospects for recruiting.

11-Year-Old B.C. Boy On Round World Trip

MONTREAL—For an 11-year-old who plans a nine-month round the world trip of adventure, Bhagwa Singh, of Duncan, B.C., has set out a very elaborate . . . and even dangerous itinerary for himself.

He plans (1) to see The King; (2) a visit to The Pope; (3) a junket through war-torn Korea. Sandwiched in between he plans to represent the family at the wedding of his brother in Delhi, India late in August.

He believes he will be able certain to be successful in the first two, but he is a bit doubtful about Korea. He isn't afraid of bombs but he is a bit leery about falling into Communist hands at his age.

Bhagwa sailed recently for Liverpool, full of ambition and confident he'll complete the trip without incident.

Bhagwa admits he has no invitation to see either The King or The Pope but he thinks a little persuasion will turn him down.

"I'll just knock on the door and ask if they'll see me," he said. "I know they'll let me in when they find out I'm a boy scout."

Bhagwa is a second class scout in the Duncan troop and he carries letters from the troop as introduction to other scouting groups overseas.

The lad admitted he had never been out of Canada previously, but he wasn't nervous . . . just a bit excited.

Even his parents were not too concerned about the trip. He said his father thought it would give him an idea of how the rest of the world lived and also a better appreciation of Canada. His mother said he'll look after himself and, most of all, keep out of bad company.

During the trip Bhagwa overseas he plans to visit England, Africa, Egypt, India, Korea, China, Australia and New Zealand. He also plans credentials for several other countries but he made he finds like taking a couple of side trips.

Son of a Duncan trucker, Bhagwa would like to be a doctor when he grows up. He has seven brothers and sisters.

There will be no roughing it on the trip. Bhagwa plans he said, to do the whole trip in style. He'll travel by either train or ship.

Crossing Atlantic In Amphibious Jeep

HALIFAX. — Mr. and Mrs. Ben Carlin, attempting to circle the globe in an amphibious jeep, radioed from 450 miles off Halifax that "all is going well."

The Australian engineer and his Boston-born wife set out from here for Azores recently in their 24-foot craft, dubbed the "Half Safe".

The Carlins are hoping their third attempt to cross the Atlantic in the jeep. Their two attempts last year, from Brooklyn and Halifax, were unsuccessful.

Newsboy Turns Page One Inside

NEW HAVEN, Conn.— Some subscribers of the New Haven Evening Journal Courier had the answer on why they received their morning paper folded backward.

There really was no mystery.

The newsboy who delivered the paper was the nephew of Sgt. William Kelly, a member of a National Guard anti-aircraft battalion which has been called to active duty.

Sgt. Kelly's picture appeared on the back page of the newspaper.

LONDON HAS DEVICE FIREMEN WOULD LIKE

WINNIPEG.—Early one morning recently someone stepped up to the fire alarm box at the corner of Walnut street and Westminster avenue.

He wanted to mail a letter.

Instead a fire truck pump, rescue wagon and police patrol car raced to the scene in response to the alarm.

If the same person had been in London, Ont., the letter would be held securely until the arrival of firemen.

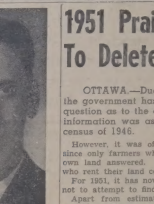
A special type of alarm there operates by throwing a switch deep inside the box, and the operation of other lever traps a catch imprisoning the person's hand inside—a sure way to prevent false alarms.

You may delay but time will not.

STOP the ITCH of Insect Bites—Heat Rash

Quick! Stop itching of insect bites, heat rash, eczema, burns, poison oakor ivy, athlete's foot and other externally caused skin troubles. Use world-famous, soothing, liquid **D. D. D. PRESCRIPTION.** Greaseless, stainless. Stops itch fast or your money back. Ask for **D. D. D. PRESCRIPTION.** "It's the"

THE TILLERS



CHIEF CANADIAN IN U.N. TALKS — Robert G. Riddell of Edmonton assumed the post of permanent head of the Canadian delegation at U.N. headquarters at Lake Success on Aug. 1. Special assistant to External Affairs Minister Pearson for the past year, Mr. Riddell will succeed John W. Holmes in U.N. deliberations.—Central Press Canadian.

Dr. Grindley Resigns From Wheat Board

OTTAWA. — The Rt. Hon. C. D. Howe, Minister of Trade and Commerce, has announced that Dr. T. W. Grindley, for reasons of health, had resigned as a member of the Canadian Wheat Board, Mr. Howe stated that Dr. Grindley's resignation to be effective on August 1st, had been accepted with regret, and he expressed appreciation for the services rendered by Dr. Grindley as a member of the Board for the past three years.

A recognized authority on problems pertaining to the agricultural industry of Western Canada, Dr. Grindley was born on the Isle of Man. Receiving his primary and high school education in Edmonton, he graduated with B.A. and B.Sc. (Agri.) degrees from the University of Alberta. He then took post-graduate studies at the University of Minnesota where he received his M.A. degree in 1927 and his Doctorate in 1929.

After a short time, with the Dominion Experimental Station at Lethbridge, Alberta, Dr. Grindley joined the staff of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics at Ottawa in 1929, later becoming Chief of the Agricultural Division. He was secretary of the Royal Grain Inquiry Commission and in 1935 was appointed secretary of the Canadian Wheat Board. In July, 1949, he became a Member of the Board. Dr. Grindley was a Canadian delegate to the United Nations Food Conference at Hot Springs, Virginia, in 1943.

New Idea On Pest Control Might Work

AYR, Ont.—An Ayr man has come up with a new slant on pest control, particularly applicable to—ah-h-h-h bedbugs.

Just scatter ordinary rice about where they eat and sleep. They will eat it and it will kill them. He says bedbugs are particularly elusive insects, which is most certainly not the services rendered by exterminators to rid dwellings of them.

However, if poisoned rice failed to kill off all of the pests and a few are still left, he says that scattering a handful of rice will kill the rest.

Another interesting bedbug sidelight which has come to light as a result of observations is that they will attack a light-complexioned person more ferociously than a dark-skinned. He cited the case of two brothers, one a blond and one a brunette, who spent the night in adjoining beds in the same room.

All night long the blonde was kept awake scratching. The brunette didn't even get the night snoring soundly.

"I'm not certain whether dyeing the hair darker would help the man in the case of the blonde," said the circus lectularius expert.

WHICH COMES FIRST

WHITESBURG, Ga.—Which comes first, the water or well?

Whitesburg officials asked the Regional Planning Commission for a $50,000 loan to build a water system. They proposed to dig a well and pump it dry.

But the R. F. C. said it must be assured of a water supply before granting the loan.

City fathers want to know how they can find water without digging a well, and how they can dig a well without finding some money.

Well?

MORE EGGS

OTTAWA.—The hens have had a bit more to cluck about this year than last.—6,368,000 dozen eggs to be exact. The bureau of statistics reported estimated production for the first six months of this year at 185,813,000 dozen as compared with 179,444,000 for the corresponding period a year ago—a gain of 3.4 per cent.

1951 Prairie Farm Census To Delete Debt Query

OTTAWA.—Due to difficulties over rented property statistics, the government has decided not to include in the 1951 census a question as to the amount of private farm debt outstanding. This information was asked in the census of 1941 and in the Prairie census of 1946.

However, it was of limited value since only farmers who owned their own land answered. About a third who rent their land couldn't answer.

For 1951, it has now been decided not to attempt to find an answer.

Apart from estimates of private mortgage debt, recent figures of the Dominion Mortgage & Investments Association show Prairie farm indebtedness of member companies at $32.5 millions against $36.2 millions in 1948 and $16.7 millions in 1938.

Against this there has been an increase in debts held by federal lending agencies, chiefly VLA and the Canadian Farm Loan Board.

The total of all D.L.A. loans outstanding is now over $260 millions. This includes small land holdings, stock and equipment, as well as farm mortgages and agreements for sale. Approved VLA loans for farm mortgages and agreements have been $175 millions for all Canada in the past four years and $47 millions for the three Prairie provinces.—Financial Post.

One In Fifteen "Makes It" For Army

OTTAWA.—Recruiting applications for the Canadian Army have jumped, but the volume is only half for an "adequate" flow of recruits.

The reason is that only one out of 15 applicants makes it. The rest are turned down because they don't measure up to army requirements.

High standards for entry to the army have been relaxed. The regulation that recruits must have at least grade 9 schooling is left to discretion of recruiting officers.

The physical standards may also be eased, but the 18 to 39 age grouping and the requirement that men be single are likely to remain.

To Conduct Polio Campaign Across Canada

OTTAWA.—The 1951 campaign of the Canadian March of Dimes will be conducted across Canada from January 7 to 31, it was announced here at a recent meeting of the National Board of Directors of the Canadian Foundation for Poliomyelitis.

At the same meeting, Horace Brown, Executive Director of the Foundation, disclosed that the Foundation's National Medical Advisory Committee had been voted an additional grant of $18,000, bringing its 1950 allocation up to $154,000. Mr. Brown said that $8,000 of this would be used for educational pamphlets.

Two new directors, Alex Solomon and Hugh Parry, both of Montreal, attended the meeting. They represented the Quebec Command of the Canadian Legion, which has handled the fight against polio in that province for the last four years. The Legion is forming a Quebec chapter of the Foundation this year.

Cottons Stay Crisp After Washing

MANCHESTER, England.—Thanks to a new textile process introduced here you soon will be able to buy a cotton dress that will stay as crisp after washing as when you picked it off the rack.

The new process, developed by the cotton printers association, will reduce ironing of cotton fabrics to a minimum and heighten their crease resistance.

TALL CHIMNEY STACK

The farthest-north chimney stack is at Petsamo, Finland, 200 miles above the Arctic circle. It is about 500 feet tall.

Liquid air was produced in 1895 by Charles E. Tripler.

Plans Oil Development In Alberta, Sask.

VANCOUVER.—Plans for development in the areas of Alberta and Saskatchewan and improved financial position were outlined to shareholders of Long Island Petroleums Ltd. at the annual meeting in Calgary.

Working capital of $150,000 is due for an increase of $35,000 by options on 500,000 shares granted to eastern financial interests who have taken up 100,000 shares of option to date.

In partnership with other companies, Long Island has taken up projects in the Opal sector of Redwater field, Spring Coulee, St. Paul, West Central Saskatchewan and Matowen Lake.

No Parking Limit For Tourists At Flin Flon, Man.

FLIN FLON, Man.—Tourists need have no fear of receiving a parking ticket when visiting here. They will be welcomed and may park as long as they wish. This information, over the signature of Reeve Lloyd Stevenson and R.C.M.P. Sgt. N. J. Calverley, is being circularized on an attractive card available from the police and also at tourist headquarters.

Incorporated in January, Flin Flon is declared to be "the friendly town". "Park as long as you like," it says, and with this caution, "Keep to follow local parking regulations and it will be appreciated."

On the reverse side of the card are significant facts about this third largest centre in the province, with a 12,000 population.

On the card also is a brief synopsis of the legend behind the naming of the "dime novel mine".

It tells of prospectors, who in their search for ore, spent their evenings reading a paper-backed novel entitled "the sunless city", whose main character was a man named Flintabatty Flonatin. Later, when the site of the present mine was discovered, the prospectors named it Flin Flon.

PRECISION MACHINE

A 20-ton stamping machine in an aircraft factory is so precise it can gently crack the shell of an egg without breaking the yolk, or flatten a sheet plate of tough stainless steel.

The act of smiling brings 13 muscles into play.

Review Your Investment Position *—Now!*

In view of the sharp fall in the prices of many common stocks, it is wise if you own them to have your holdings reviewed and analyzed in the light of current events, and to consider what effect the *immediate* future may have upon the earnings of the Companies whose shares you own.

Send us a list of your holdings. Our Research and Statistical Departments will make careful analysis of them, and send you such comments as may be called for, and make recommendations where such recommendations are justified. Don't hesitate to ask us for this service. There is no charge for it. All information provided by you will be held strictly confidential. The service is rendered as a matter of goodwill building to clients and prospective clients.

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—By Les Carroll

The Riddle Of Russian Science Keeps Western Experts Guessing

By JOHN F. SEMBOWER
(CPC Correspondent)

How good are the scientists Joe Stalin counts on to win for Russia in the atomic age? To Allied scientists this is one of the biggest puzzles of the day.

Wary of underestimating the prowess of the men who duplicated A-bomb in shorter time than most authorities expected, the scientists of the western world are baffled by current developments indicating that Russian science is slipping.

If Russian scientists are retreating, in it because Communist politicos have taken over? It is a mystery of the first magnitude, for all hands are agreed that Russian science could be very tough to beat.

In the atomic field, for instance, American physicists have great respect for Peter Kapitza, patriarch of Russian physicists.

However, the Russians are giving a big play to a comparative unknown, Fred. A. Vlasov of Moscow who has come out with a half-baked theory opposed to those of Einstein which provide the basis for A-bomb splitting.

Medical scientists the world over honor the memory of Dr. Ivan Pavlov, who pioneered in studies of digestion and conditioned reflexes.

The Russians, however, seem to have forgotten him, and are going off on tangents of youth serums and other mumbo-jumbo which astonish western physicians because they lack scientific proof.

On the surface at least, Russian science is falling back to the dark ages, say qualified observers who maintain that such is the inevitable result of political dominance over all thought.

Full scale purges have been carried out among the scientists. Dr. Hermann J. Muller, world-famous Nobel Prize winning geneticist now at Indiana university, now realizes that he may be lucky to have been able to leave Russia alive after he spent a number of years in the Soviet state guest.

N. I. Navilov, a geneticist who refused to repudiate his studies upon the order of the Communist leaders, mysteriously died in 1942 in a Siberian labor camp.

The root of this bitter argument is the famous Mendelian theory of heredity, which is accepted by most scientists except those in Russia, where the scientific law runs contrary to dogma of the Communist party.

Similarly, in the atomic field, Vlasov knocks Dr. Niels Bohr, the Danish physicist who now is a member of the U.S. atomic team, and after adopting theories long since disproved in the laboratories of the world, he condemns Einstein for having "distorted" his theory and his associates as members of "the idealistic clique of physicists of the west."

Even the archeologists double-checking Russian announcements of "significant discoveries" find that they do not jibe.

Some of the greatest ironies exist in the biological sciences. In the face of Russian claims to have found such things as "youth serums", developed from the bone marrows of young killed humans, American medical researchers are baffled by what appears to be the greatest evidence that the Soviets lag far behind the rest of the world in medicine.

Dr. Paul Davis, now chief of surgery at Northwestern university in Chicago but formerly a member of the last U.S. Army surgical mission to Moscow, reports that the Russians tried to demonstrate that they needed aid of this sort.

They staged nerve grafts and treatments of spinal cord injuries using methods which already had been discarded in the United States.

The Russian demonstrators took him aside and said that they knew what he said was true, but that they had to put on the show because of political orders.

Then they conceded that they were entirely lacking in penicillin, although the Russian government had previously denied that the drug was lacking and refused offers of it from the medical mission.

American scientists now make no secret of the fact that Dr. Davis' experience may indicate that Russian scientists themselves may be losing and doing things just to please the Soviet politicians, while all the time they know better and may be doing much more effective work.

This deepens the riddle of Russian science, and the American scientists are taking no chances. They take the view that Soviet scientists can't possibly be as dumb as they seem; or at least it is too risky to take that for granted.

Playthings That Are Simple Will Please Children

OTTAWA.—If Junior has enough to play with, mother should have no trouble keeping him in his own backyard—and safety of the street.

Nor by playthings do we mean expensive toys.

Any child psychologist will tell you a youngster can get more fun out of a few boxes and a board than from the most glamorous toy on the market.

The Canadian Welfare Council's Recreation Division has collected some ideas about playthings which should catch a young child's eye. And it doesn't take a building expert to make them.

A sand-box provides a child with most of his play. Four boards do the trick, solidly nailed together with two seats at either end. The box should be at least three by four feet, and the top of the boards should make certain that the wood is smooth and that no nails or slivers are exposed.

There should be more than just sand in it. Mother can very well donate a few of her plastic kitchen utensils to the cause. Funnels, moulds or scoops will do. Wooden spoons are best, as they are safer, with no sharp edges or corners.

Swings also have a high rating among children of the teddy-bear pedigree. Council o tetais say there are two which can be built by adults with little or no expense. A three-rope swing is recommended for small children, which can be made to prescribe this as like the seat of a kiddie-car, handlbars and all, suspended from the front and one from the rear behind. The child can sit on it and "drive" it as he would a motor car around the ground. The difficulty with this kind of swing is finding suitable attachments for the ropes. They must be just the same distance apart at the top as they are at the bottom, and the spring must be strong enough.

The simplest thing is made by attaching a stout rope to a branch and tying the other end of the rope to the other end—just missing ground when the child is on it.

Maligned Number "13"

Have you ever wondered why people are difficult about 13? Many hotels don't dare a 13th floor, guests blanch perceptibly and grow apprehensive if 13 at a table — and how many people can point to a disaster that actually hinges on that poor maligned number? Superstition can haul you around by the nose if you let it. The fanatics of fancies die by and slowly die of terror if they forget to cover their heads with salt in spilt. They believe little people called dupplies will enter their ears and make them ill. Fussing about it seems just about as farfetched when you look back into its history. According to H. G. Wells our ungainly, hairy ancestors of 40,000 years ago, the Neanderthals, took a dim view of 13. Apparently Neolithic man played around at counting with tallies in a slap-happy sort of way. They found some numbers of tallies looked even and split up evenly. This was pleasing to their pea-sized minds. For this reason 12 became a pet of theirs but 13 was a nuisance. The ancient Scandinavians believed in 12 gods, or Aesir. Loki later worked his way in to this select group and became the worry of their lives. Of course, the main item of terror about 13 started with the Last Supper, when the number figured in that event.

But look at the early American colonials's about face, on the matter. The United States started with 13 colonies and there were 13 states at the beginning of the nation. The great seal of the United States, E Pluribus Unum, has 13 letters on one side, and Annuit Coeptis (God has prospered our beginning) on the reverse side, has the same number. The circle on the seal starting the 13 clouds with his head, showing 13 stars. This bird has 13 feathers in its tail, 13 feathers in each wing, holds 13 arrows in one claw and the olive branch in the other claw has 13 leaves. The United States has come along quite smartly considering. Perhaps with all this build-up about poor old 13 you won't have to stay in bed tomorrow after all.

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YOU'RE TELLING ME

By WILLIAM RITT
Central Press Canadian Writer

Chinese pagodas, we read, have an uneven number of stories because odd numbers are considered lucky. How about 13?

—o—

Calendar shows the days are getting shorter. Good grief!—we still haven't had our vacation.

—o—

A girdle manufacturer says that curves are here to stay. In fact, he's anxious to see them stay—right in the same place.

—o—

Automobile buying climbed in 1949. Indicating perhaps that people who don't know where they'll be want to have a way to get out of where they are.

—o—

Fashion says next fall's clothes will have a "luxury look". That's probably to coincide with the price tags.

—o—

They'll also have a "matador look". That's probably to give a wife some sort of protection when her husband sees the price tag.

—o—

Census figures reveal New York fallled to overtake London as the world's largest city. But it's still the tallest.

—o—

Richest person in the world is a small boy with face half sunk in a dripping slice of watermelon—a regular watermelionaire.

—o—

Kissing, says a midwestern medico, spests some women. Especially if it's two other people who are involved in the business?

—o—

In Detroit, a woman, reaching for a cigarette, fell off a second-storey porch and broke her leg. Well, that's one way of discouraging the smoking habit.

Confidence Clothes For Evening Out

This back-wrapped slim skirt (left) is of brown flannel. Black velvet makes the collar of the jacket, and the blouse is frills and velvet. Elegant for dining out is this tulip suit (right) by Capri of New York. It is silver brocaded satin with flaring cuffs and especially dressy jewelled buttons.—Central Press Canadian.

Problems Are Increasing For The Manufacturers Of Dyestuffs

Remember when men's suits ran in navy blues, blacks and dark browns and hardly anyone ever thought of wearing a light-colored overcoat?

Those were the days when dyestuffs requirements in the woolen end of the textile industry ran into heavy volume. Today, with the swing to light shades, volume has fallen off but quality standards moved progressively higher.

An increasingly exacting consumer demand for color fastness in textiles has been one of the biggest problems facing dyestuffs manufacturers. This, along with the development of new man-made fibres and the current trend toward mixed fibres, has posed increasingly difficult processing problems for the dyestuffs manufacturer, the textile chemist.

Here's one: Orlan, one of the newest of the synthetic fibres, won't take a good dye under temperature of 225 deg. F. Since water boils at 212 deg. F., this will mean some kind of pressure equipment to get water temperatures higher.

The price antics of raw wool has contributed to the increasing use of rayon and wool mixtures in ladies' dress goods. But these fibres have very different dyeing characteristics.

A new requirement in rugs is that their colors remain fast to calcium chloride—the chemical that's tramped in off sidewalks and steps where it is being spread to reduce snow and ice hazard in winter.

But the problems are endless. the specialty requirements in the textile business run into the hundreds. In all some 1,000 different dyestuffs are being used today in the Canadian textile industry and they are all important.

Despite the fact that Canada's dyestuffs bill runs around $9 millions annually, there is no domestic manufacturing done.

But the very fact that there is no domestic dyestuffs industry is somewhat of a blessing in itself. It means that the Canadian textile industry is free to shop around for the world's best dyestuffs unfettered by any home-tie-up or restrictive import tariffs. The result has been textiles with color range and fastness characteristics equal to the best in the world.

At the moment most of the important dyestuffs are coming from the United States. The United Kingdom is the second largest source, Switzerland third. Germany, the great prewar supplier, has virtually dropped out of the export picture.

VAST IMPROVEMENT

Using machines, a miner today can dig 16 tons of coal a day. In 1900 he had to dig hard for 2½ tons a day.

Black Light Is Newest Idea For Detectives

OTTAWA.—It's possible to be finger-printed without getting your fingers dirty; to get a smudge on your nose which only shows up under black light.

And did you know that chicken thieves can lift a couple of hundred hens in a night—without the farmer even hearing a cackle?

These are some of the juicier bits which leaked out of one of the biggest sleuthing conventions to hit this capital.

Some 200 detectives, most of them from the United States, attended a four-day meeting of the 34-year-old International Association for Identification and got the inside dope on the latest developments in the field.

The rookie visitor who thinks fingerprinting means getting black ink on the hands and then pressing it on the black only shows up on the print, his fingers remain clean.

Another gadget among the convention exhibits is detection dust. A dash of this on the cash-drawer does even show. But put your sleeve in the ultra-violet or black light and the smudge is a weird green.

Ray Neilson, a delegate from Chicago, started talking in an interview about chicken-thieves. A private investigator who does a lot of work for the farmers in the rural areas around the big town, he said it went by no means the comic-strip type of theft some persons think. Thieves have been known to take as many as a thousand chickens in a night.

"And that can ruin a farmer's egg business," chimed in Mrs. Neilson, who was here with her husband and 7-year-old son, Billy.

Mr. Neilson said thieves have a way of pinching the chickens without the farmer hearing a thing because not a hen won't make any sound in the dark.

Identification methods are the prime concern of these crime detection experts, who head an address by Inspector Quinn Tamm, chief of the identification division, Washington.

At an earlier session delegates heard about the Noronic disaster. Dr. T. G. Brown, of Toronto General Hospital, told them that the successful identification of all but three of the 119 victims represented "an achievement unparalled in medical history."

He said it also was the first time that comparison X-rays taken before and after death were used successfully on a large scale to identify disaster victims.

GIANT SUGAR MILL

KARACHI—The largest sugar mill in Asia, situated in the Mardan district of Pakistan will go into production in November. The mill took four years to complete and has a crushing capacity of more than 3,000 tons of cane daily which will yield about 350 tons of fine sugar.

70 MILLION POPULATION

The new nation of Pakistan is the sixth largest in the world. It has 70 million population.

Farmers could raise more pounds of fish an acre than they can beef, according to the Fish and Wildlife Service.

How Much Of A Home Can A Family Afford?

How much of a home can a family afford? In the last analysis it depends on the family. If your family is thrifty and willing to sacrifice for a home, that is one story. But if you are accustomed to luxuries, resent budgeting your expenses, frequently fail to make ends meet and resort to borrowing before payday, look out.

Then again, it depends on what you start with—your own savings, or a legacy, or other money easily come by.

For the average family, starting virtually from scratch and in dead earnest on owning a home there are some rules, even though the best rule is to figure it out yourself.

It used to be figured that a house priced between one-and-a-half and two-and-a-half times your annual income was a safe buy. But prices for houses, the cost of living and higher income taxes have changed this.

The reason is that under such a rule a man earning $60 a week would have been given the go ahead signal on a house costing from $4,680 to $7,800. Today he'd have a merry time finding a suitable house to meet the minimum figure and he'd have to have an unusually thrifty family in order to make ends meet under the maximum figure.

That rule would also permit a man earning $100 a week to buy a home costing $7,700 to $13,000, and he'd probably have some difficulty in swinging the maximum deal.

Then there was another rule that monthly payments, like rent, should not exceed one week's pay—or 25 per cent. of monthly income. Since monthly carrying charges on a 20-year mortgage, plus real estate taxes, water charges and fire insurance, could be figured roughly to amount to one per cent. of the mortgage, this rule made it easy to say that the $60-a-week man could carry a $6,000 mortgage.

But those monthly payments did not cover heat, or upkeep, utilities, travel to and from work and other fixed charges. So when food, fuel and income taxes went up, and interest rates began to stiffen, this picture also changed.

A conservative banker recently said that when arranging mortgage loans he advises the average home buyers not to exceed 20 per cent. of his monthly take-home pay when figuring what monthly payments he can afford comfortably. The cost of fuel, gas, electricity, telephone commutation and other fixed extras prompt this 20 per cent. rule.

Take-home pay is the only realistic basis on which to figure. There are so many deductions made from most pay cheques, and they vary so widely, that each family must figure this out individually.

The Purpose Is Not Employment

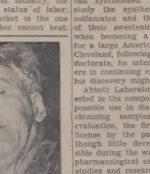
By Joseph Lister Rutledge

One of the most curious of human convictions, a conviction that flourishes in the face of a world of contradictory evidence, is that there is only so much work. Arising from that, of course, is the belief that it must be spread out and conserved for the benefit of a relatively few workers.

At the beginning of the century, when Walter Reuther was still in short pants, there wasn't any need to worry about wages and conditions in the automotive industry. There wasn't such an industry. But today the same Reuther can argue about the future of tens of thousands of workers handsomely employed in an industry that someone's ingenuity provided.

One might list other stray bits of evidence taken from our own nation-al life. At the time of Confederation, no one talked about what today we call the pulp and paper industry. As an industry it was hardly worthy of notice. Today it gives employment to some 40,000 workers. Aircraft were a dream of the distant future. Today their manufactures gives employment to 37,000 Canadians. Automobiles, which were to come in the distant future, today employ another 20,000. The tires to supply the cars produced give work to still another 20,000. The telephone was a device believed in almost alone by a rather crack-brained young man, and it hadn't had possibilities. Those possibilities today provide work for 25,000 Canadians. Some 60,000 men making rolling stock for railroads. That would have been more than ample for the whole force of rail of Confederation days. Today it is 39,000 miles, and one way of the latest developments is the diesel-ing in that industry. But what would have been the story if in those days of sighty odd years ago all the emphasis had been put on "slow down" and "conserve"? Sensible legislat workers should be born faster than there were jobs to provide for them.

Who started the idea anyway that the purpose of production was to provide employment? Production's purpose is to satisfy needs. If it were possible, as it has been proved about chicken-farming, to make a profit as good at half the price then more and more people will be eager to buy it. Employment is a corollary of that demand, but it takes a definite turn-about to put employment first. To be, not that jobs should be conserved by limiting the workers and restricting the work, but that the worker should recognize that demand precedes employment and the more one secure is the status of labor. A limited labor market is the one force that the worker cannot beat.



"Industrial Events Canadian."

MR. EHRENBURG HAS NO ANSWER—Ilya Ehrenburg Russia's top foreign correspondent, is shown as he addressed a crowd organized by the British peace committee. Ehrenburg told his listeners that the Russians were too busy building cities and tending their gardens to think about war. He had no answer to questions on Russia's part in the Korean war.

New Synthetic Sweetening Agent

MONTREAL. — A new synthetic sweetening agent, which is predicted will be of great importance in restricted and low-calorie diets such as those followed by thousands of diabetics and reducers in this country, has been developed and is now being manufactured here by Abbott Laboratories Ltd.

Known as Sucaryl, it has the ability to sweeten foods without adding fortodden calories or carbohydrates to the diet. Previously saccharin was the only non-calorie sweetener available but because it is decomposed by heat during cooking it loses its sweetening and has also frequently described as having a bitter aftertaste when used in drinks and uncooked foods. Having no bitter after-taste when used in ordinary proportions, Sucaryl can be used in cooking, baking or canning and performs its sweetening function in beverages.

It is reported that this new sweetening agent now makes it possible for diabetics and reducing patients to include a wide variety of foods in their diets which formerly were restricted because of sugar content and not possible with saccharin because of bitterness. Sucaryl also promises to simplify the problem of having to prepare a special diet for one member of the family who is drinking sweetened with Sucaryl will be equally suitable to all members of the family.

Although Sucaryl will be prescribed by physicians for diabetics it will also be available at drug stores without prescriptions. However, because it will be in demand by people in all states of health a precautionary limit of eight tablets per day has been imposed for the time. And because sodium salts are relatively slightly stimulating, it is advised that people suffering from severe kidney ailments take Sucaryl only under doctor's supervision.

The Sucaryl tablets will be grooved for easy separation to suit individual needs. Each tablet is said to let is equivalent to one teaspoon of sugar.

The discovery of Sucaryl began in 1937 when Michael Sveda, a chemist working for the University of the University of Illinois noticed a strange sweet taste in his cigarette, found the source to be sodium cyclohexyl sulfamate, a new compound he had synthesized. He continued to study the synthesis of cyclohexyl sulfamates and the "potential value of their sweetening properties" and when becoming a research chemist for a large American organization in Cleveland, following attainment of his doctorate, he interested his employers in continuing experiments so that his discovery might be developed.

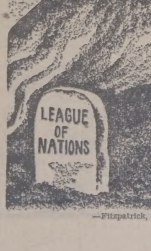
Abbott Laboratories became interested in the compound in 1949 for its possible use in diabetic diets. After obtaining samples for study and evaluation, the firm was granted a license by the patent owners. Although little development was possible during the war, a long series of pharmacological experiments, clinical studies and research was begun immediately following the end of hostilities.

Exhaustive tests, which included continuous administration through three generations of rats, proved the compound to be well tolerated with no harmful side-effects, and clinical investigators reported uniform acceptance in human patients, noting that the great majority of patients showed a decided preference for the taste of Sucaryl as compared with that of saccharin.

6,000 SMITHS

LONDON.—A card index containing 15,000,000 names has been compiled by Britain's general post office, to keep track of holders of national savings certificates. Included are 6,000 William Smiths, 3,500 John Smiths; 3,500 William Jones and 3,500 John Jones.

ONE CHALLENGES AGGRESSION—ONE BACKED DOWN



—Fitzpatrick, in The St. Louis Post Dispatch.

World Happenings Briefly Told

Australia bought more British motorcycles during the first half of 1950 than the United States and Canada put together, it was announced.

A weighty volume, The Chemistry of Mordon Embalming Methods, is a best seller at Port Elizabeth, South Africa, and a local bookseller is puzzled.

There was a color bar on sheep at a royal show in London. Sheep treated with colored dips or bloom powders were not accepted for exhibition.

Three hundred visiting firemen from San Francisco took time off from a picnic at Los Altos, Calif., to beat out a one-acre brush fire with baseball bats and gunny sacks.

The census bureau has estimated the 1950 population of the United States at 150,520,000. This is almost 19,000,000 higher than the 1940 total of 131,669,275.

Political tipsters on both sides of the fence predict now that the thin Socialist control of Britain's affairs will last at least until next spring. Some say a new election may not come even that soon.

Hampton Court Palace, where King Henry VIII wooed and won his six wives 400 years ago, is likely to become the Government's number one hospitality show place for important overseas visitors.

Canadian retail trade in May was six per cent. greater in dollar volume than in May, 1949, the bureau of statistics reported. Fifteen out of 26 trades and all regions except flood-stricken Manitoba reported gains.

KITCHEN MEDITATIONS

Tell It To A Friend

By JANE DALE

When the day goes wrong, and there
  is no song
In your heart but teardrops fall,
Don't sit alone to sigh and moan;
Find a friend and tell her it all.

As you tell your woe your words
  o'erflow
Into the listening ear,
You will find release, comfort and
  peace
From that overwhelming fear.

Worth more than gold or wealth
  untold
Is an understanding friend,
With whom you share each joy and
  care
All your life 'til journey's end.

Detroit Grocer Has Idea To Stop Hoarding

DETROIT.—Grocer Ernest L. Murphy took a hand in the hoarding business without waiting for government rationing controls. Mr. Murphy has had a set of big brown paper bags printed, bright red and labeled in larger letters "Hoarder's Bag".

"Any customer who comes in and buys over his ordinary amount of stuff scarce in wartimes, like sugar, lard and the like, will have his groceries put into one of these hoarder's bags," Mr. Murphy said.

"Once our service to the public will be discontinued. He will have to pick up his hoarder's bag and carry it out in his own arms so that everybody in the place and on the street can see what an unpatriotic hoarder he is."

"Now, if all the merchants would get together and adopt this hoarder's bag system, I think we could shame these silly hoarders out of existence," Mr. Murphy said.

Prejudice is the reason of fools.

On The Side By E. V. Durling

The costume of a feminine participant in the championship tennis matches at Wimbledon first inspired the disapproval of British spectators in 1905. That was when May Sutton, of California, rolled up her sleeves. Everything proceeded calmly after that until 1919. Then Suzanne Lenglen appeared with a skirt so short that a shocked British tennis writer said, "It revealed her calves". In 1929, Joan Lycett caused comment when she appeared in a Wimbledon match wearing no stockings. In 1933, Helen Jacobs created a sensation by appearing in shorts. And in 1949, "Gorgeous Gussie" Moran became the sensation of all Wimbledon sensations, from a costume standpoint, with her now world famous court attire featuring "panties". What next?

ASIDES

All long distance trains on Italian railways have film theatre cars attached . . . It is said London policemen stationed in the Piccadilly area answer on an average of one hundred and forty questions an hour. I wonder their many questions an hour a woman with three small children answers.

Sir. John Nixon of Epsom Downs, England, has been driving the same automobile for 51 years. It is a Wolseley car manufactured in 1899. Mr. Nixon recently made an 879-mile trip in this car. He did so to prove that "British manufacturers make things to last."

BUMPER CROP OF GOLD

At the Italian-French border at Mentone there was recently apprehended a smuggler with a very unusual idea of smuggling. He was only caught because somebody double-crossed him and tipped off the customs officers. The officers scraped the bumper of his car and found it to be solid gold! The bumper contained one hundred and ninety-eight pounds of gold worth over one hundred thousand dollars.

CATS WITH BELLS ON

To protect the birds in the parks in Cannes on the French Riviera there is a law that a cat must have a bell on its neck. This bell serves as a warning to a bird when a cat is trying to sneak up on it. Last time I was in a park in Cannes I found it quite interesting to see the cats trying to get the bells off their necks.

NO BLUES WHEN IT RAINS

Queries from clients. Q. Can you name six kinds of people who are happy when it rains? A. That is a quaint question. What inspired it? Anyway, six kinds of people who are happy when it rains are: 1. Taxicab drivers. 2. Men who own mud horses. 3. Umbrella manufacturers. 4. Fishermen. 5. Girls who own "cute" looking raincoats. 6. Farmers.

AGED JOCKEY

Recently I was trying to recall the name of the Irishman who was riding in steeplechase races when 85 years old. I remember now. It was Harry Beasely. In 1923, when Harry was 73 years old, he rode the winner of a race over the three-and-one-half mile Punchestown course, said to be a tougher course to negotiate than that of Liverpool's Grand National.

NEVER GREW OLD

A reader writes: "I claim Bob Fitzsimmons was 41 years old when he won the light-heavyweight title from a fighter named Gardner. Right? Quite right, sir. Incidentally, Bob was 29 when he won the middleweight championship and 35 when he took the heavyweight title from Corbett. Fitzsimmons began his professional ring career at the age of 18 and kept on fighting until he was 52!

2893

GOODBYE KISS—The No. 426 Transport Squadron of the R.C.A.F. stationed at Dorval Airport, in Montreal, left from Tacoma, Wash., recently, as Canada's second contribution to the Korean situation. They will provide an "Airlift" between Japan and the U.S. in an effort to reinforce the soldiers fighting in Korea. In the photo above W/O Les Cates, of Regina and Vancouver, kisses his son David goodbye prior to the take-off.

Organization Named Little Lake Success

MONTREAL.—Eleven children who know so much about the United Nations and world affairs that little community of Huxley, Alta., was officially renamed Little Lake Success, visited here recently.

They formed a Junior U.N. Council not so long ago and its fame spread so far that recently they signed a Hollywood movie contract to film the story of their organization's development.

The junior council idea was conceived by their school principal, C. T. Fallows, when he was sent to Dachau concentration camp at the end of the Second World War to aid the rehabilitation—of children whose parents died in the infamous German camp.

"The idea has been so successful that the U.N. has suggested we should go to Europe next year and see just what is going on in the various countries," Mr. Fallows said.

The group acts just like the real thing, he said—so much so that they even get night letters of the agenda and workings of the U.N. Council.

The group, ranging in age from 11 to 16, went to New York and then to Washington after the Montreal visit. In Washington they will be guests of the National Press Club and will present President Truman with a 10-gallon hat.

Another teacher accompanying the group is Miss Elizabeth Charlton, who chaperons four girls of the 11 in the party.

MAN WHO LOVES ANIMALS

LONDON. — Harry Wakefield, a one-armed elevator operator, loves animals.

Two years ago he saw a kitten trapped on the roof of a blitzed building and risked his life to save it.

Recently he crept along a window-ledge 80 feet above ground level to his apartment block.

Finally he lifted a window, freeing a fluttering prisoner—a sparrow.

It is estimated that the heart beats more than 500 million times by the time it is 70 years old.

ART HOUTTEMAN—The crisis in Korea threatens to call some of the major leagues' young stars to service in the United States armed forces. Art Houtteman, star pitcher of the American League-leading Detroit Tigers, is 22 and 1-A in the draft. Al Rosen, Cleveland's homer-hitting rookie, holds a Naval Reserve Commission. Eleven members of Philadelphia Athletics are members of reserve groups.

Women With Big Feet Form Association

LONDON. — Women who banded together in defiance of big feet have won two victories in seven months.

Victory No. 1: A London shoe firm has agreed to supply outsize shoes of all kinds.

Victory No. 2: A hosiery firm promises special stockings for feet up to size 11½; gloves up to size nine.

These concessions were wrested by an organization called the Association of Women with Large Feet, which set out seven months ago to obtain larger shoes for women.

Driving force behind the campaign is Mrs. Phyllis Cowie (9½ shoe), a widow from Airton, Yorkshire. She said the Association hopes to form branches all over Britain.

"We haven't got around to clothes yet," said Mrs. Cowie. "That will come later."

Always Favorites

Day is, day 'nut—these dollies will remain your favorites! Done in fine or heavy cotton in spiderweb design with petal stitches.

Easy crochet! Large doily, 19 inches in No. 30 cotton; small, 14 in. Pattern 7131; directions.

Our improved pattern—visual with easy-to-see charts and photos; and complete directions — makes crochet and knitting easy to do.

To obtain this pattern send twenty-five cents in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) to:

Household Arts Department,
Winnipeg Newspaper Union,
60 Front Street W., Toronto.

Be sure to write plainly your Name, Address and Pattern Number.

Man Who Lost Loved Ones Will Become Missionary

EDMONTON.—An American who lost his family in Canada's worst air disaster six months ago hopes to work as a missionary in India, birthplace of his late wife. He is 32-year-old Robert Espe, who recently left the United States Air Force preparatory to entering a Baptist seminary in September.

His pregnant wife, Joyce, a 22-year-old Anglo-Indian, and their 20-month-old son, Victor, were among 44 persons aboard a U.S. C-54 transport plane which disappeared over the Yukon last Jan. 26 while on a flight from Anchorage, Alaska, to Great Falls, Mont.

During the combined R.C.A.F.-U.S.A.F. hunt for the four-motored Skymaster, greatest aerial search in Canadian history, Espe acted as a spotter on search planes. No trace of the C-54 was ever found.

Espe's grief was shared by many in Canada and the United States and scores of letters of sympathy were received by him after he was posted from Anchorage to Fort Dix, N.J.

The letters still were being received last month by Espe, now a civilian at Ninilchik, Alaska.

"I got these letters from so many, many Canadians and Americans. They told me these people were praying for my loved ones. I'm sure these letters were the start of what now is my faith in God.

"Now I want to study to be a minister and a teacher. I have offered myself without pay to the Baptist missionary service, on condition that it try to place me in India where there is much to do among the extremely poor, or elsewhere at its discretion under the same conditions.

"My wife's brother, whom she wanted so much to bring to the U.S. to study, is going to be admitted to the same seminary I am entering."

Espe has applied for a claim settlement from the air force, igtending to turn over the money to his wife's mother so she can "buy a little more land for the farm which is too small to support all her family."

From Ninilchik, where he is preparing a homestead for his sister-in-law's family coming out from India, Espe wrote: "Now Joyce's prayers have all been answered. And after all these years of wandering on this globe (he went to sea as a boy and served in the Pacific theatre in the last war), even with the hurt and the loneliness, I am happy."

Odd Replies Received On Government Forms

OTTAWA. — Candidates for positions in Government service make some odd replies to questions on application forms.

Here are a few turned up by the Civil Service Commission:

Place of birth: "Hospital."

Marital status: One girl replied, "Single", and added, "What do you expect in Ottawa?"

A man replied: "Single. Married for income tax purposes."

Length of residence in Canada: "Twenty-two feet by 40 feet."

Number of dependents: "One and a half."

Natural born or naturalized: "Born natural."

Have you ever been rejected by an insurance company? "No. Am continually solicited."

Work experience. One man applying for a position as engineer's helper said: "I've been married for 30 years and have had to do plenty of cleaning and helping around the house."

An application from a discouraged candidate contained this statement:

"I'm going to get that job or bust. I wish you would pull some red tape or something. I want that job so badly. If I got it, all I'd have to do to be in Heaven would be to close my eyes. I'd probably be there soon after, anyway; the shock would kill me."

DID NOT FIND NICKEL

EVANSVILLE, Ind.—Newspaper-old Connie Jones lost a nickel in a mattress and lit a match to find it. The match dropped into the mattress, and there was a little fire and quite a lot of smoke.

Three truckloads of firemen came to see Connie. Expertly they put out the fire, limiting the damage to the mattress.

They didn't find the nickel.

GEMS OF THOUGHT

FAME

Worldly fame is but a breath of wind that blows this way and that, now that, and changes name as it changes direction.—Dante.

Beauty, wealth, or fame is incompetent to meet the demands of the affections, and should never weigh against the better claims of intellect, goodness, and virtue.—Mary Baker Eddy.

No true and permanent Fame can be founded except in Love which promote the happiness of mankind.

—Charles Sumner.

Nothing is less selfish than a desire of fame, since its only sure acquisition is by labouring for others.

—Charles Caleb Colton.

Let us satisfy our own consciences, and trouble not ourselves by looking for fame. If we deserve it, we shall obtain it; if we obtain it not we cannot force it.—Seneca.

Fame usually comes to those who are thinking about something else, and very rarely to those who say to themselves, "Go to, now, let us be a celebrated individual!"—Oliver Wendell Holmes.

THIS CURIOUS WORLD By WILLIAM FERGUSON

ANSWER: At Sylvan Lake, near Rome City, Ind.

TEARS AND SMILES AS SQUADRON LEAVES—Farewell scenes, reminiscent of World War II, were enacted at Dorval airport, Montreal, when members of the Thunderbird squadron of the R.C.A.F. transport division took off for Tacoma, Washington, en route to Japan. Tears were plentiful, but smiles were evident, too.—Central Press Canadian.

New Use Found For Television Screen

MONTREAL.—A new use for the television screen which may remove a hazard to human life and become a boon for medical science has been shown in experiments conducted by Dr. Arnold Bernstein, of Montreal's Homeopathic Hospital.

The European-born radiologist has hooked up television to X-ray and fluoroscopic machines.

In one experiment, projection on a television screen of an X-ray film made it easier to read details not ordinarily visible except when the film is placed under a microscope.

Another experiment conducted by Dr. Bernstein was the television of X-ray images from a fluoroscopic screen.

But use of the fluoroscopic screen, Dr. Bernstein said, has always been attended with hazards for the radiologist.

Despite all precautions available, the radiologist receives radiation from the X-ray tube in the use of such a screen. This radiation has a cumulative effect.

But by televising the image, Dr. Bernstein said medical men may study fluoroscopic images without danger to themselves.

Penguin Desiring Speed Slides Like Toboggan

The penguin is the bird "that walks like a man and swims like a fish." Various species live in the Antarctic and northward as far as equatorial islands, but in the northern hemisphere, they may be seen only in zoos. If pursued or desiring speed, the penguin forsakes his comical waddle and toboggans over the frozen surface on his smooth feathered dress shirt, using feet and flippers much as he does in the water! Emperor Penguins sometimes reach a height of forty inches and a weight of eighty pounds. Small species are only eighteen inches tall.

Cellophane was developed in 1924 by a Buffalo, N.Y., company.

Weekly Tip

VASES STAY UPRIGHT

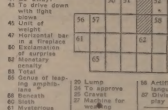
No chore at all to keep those precious tall vases upright. Simply weight all of them with a little sand in the bottom. Less chance of spills and breakage.

OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE

HORIZONTAL
1 Languid
4 Prelude
8 Slack
11 Person
12 Discerning
13 Mistake
15 Ail
16 Coal wagon
18 Insight
19 Narrative
22 King of Bashan
23 Parent
25 Female deer
26 Wing membrane
27 Pointed metal spike
28 Faeroe Islands sandstorm
30 Mimic
32 Pronoun
33 Shelter
34 Symbol for cesium
35 Weeds
40 Oil
42 Go away!
43 Drive down with light blows
44 Unit of weight
45 Horizontal bar
46 Declaration of surprise
47 Monetary penalty
48 Total
51 Gonus of leaping amphibians
56 Beneath
60 Sloth
61 Mysterious
62 Tin (mingle)
63 Wrinkles
64 Membrane
65 Elms
66 Closer places

VERTICAL
1 Fresh
2 Rod on which a wheel revolves
3 Pronoun
4 Become dim
5 Striking effect
6 Coming from the side
7 Stone
8 Man's name
9 Sailor
10 Great lover
11 Note of scale
14 Pioneers
17 measure
17 Arder
20 Lamp
21 To disprove
23 Gravel
24 Mugs for wedding
29 Brown edible seed
31 Make fur-bearing
32 Archaic preposition
33 Mother of Adonis
35 Exclamation of delight
36 To move to be by
37 Chief of the Teutonic gods
38 Livestock scrape
39 Three-toed sloth
40 Country in Europe
41 Mother-of-pearl
43 Horse marsh grass
49 To drag
50 Tardy
52 Legal claim
53 Artificial language
57 Division of a play
58 Prefix: again
59 Note of scale
60 Part of "to be"

Answer To Last Week's Puzzle



VIRGIL

By Len Klein

PRISCILLA'S POP— A Home Away From Home

—By Al Vermeer

WORLD NEWS IN PICTURES

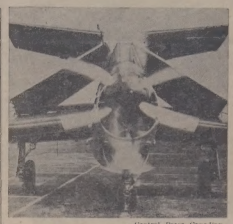
Taxi-Driver Has Elephant As Passenger

Canadian Wins U.S. Honor Medal

CANADIAN MINERS ONE JUMP AHEAD OF NORTH KOREANS — Six Canadian miners who escaped South Korea a few jumps ahead of invaders, are shown on return to Canada. Joe Malette and Sam Welcher, Timmins; John Forget, Haileybury; Dyllo Sartorello, Rouyn, Que.; R. Forget, Haileybury; N. Cousineau. They made a 26-hour non-stop auto trip to escape the North Koreans.—Central Press Canadian.

—Central Press Canadian.

MISS TORONTO—Winner of the Miss Toronto beauty contest, Ruby Gwendolyn Mann, daughter of a farmer in Grimsby, Ont., was the last entry in the beauty parade and down to her last $10. The $1,000 she won as contest queen will be spent, she says, to "get some clothes" so that she may get a position as clothes model. She is 18, five feet six inches, weighs 123 pounds.



—Central Press Canadian.

SUB-CHASER MAKES NEAT PARCEL—In a recent demonstration the Fairey, 17, anti-submarine plane designed in Britain as a counter to the submarine menace was put through its paces. Powered by a double Mamba engine, the plane is equipped with radome, which can be lowered and used as radar detector. The craft has a large bomb bay beneath the fuselage, broad wing flaps which aid in manoeuvring and slow flying when bombing. The sub-chaser is shown here with wings folded as they are when loaded on board a carrier.

—Central Press Canadian.

NORTH KOREAN PLANES SCORE A HIT—This battered, burned and twisted metal is all that's left of an ammunition train which exploded after a strafing attack by North Korean planes at the Pyong Taek railway station. This gives an idea of what happens when U.S. planes attack North Korean concentrations.

NARROW ESCAPE—Yves Charlebois, 19, of Montreal, dived from a raft near the Montreal Swimming Club on St. Helen's Island recently and wound up five hours later, four miles downstream and near exhaustion on the shore of the St. Lawrence river at St. Jean De Dieu. The story of this harrowing marathon swim came to light when Charlebois arrived at the Missing Persons Bureau at police headquarters, and claimed his clothing. The same clothing, of course, that saddened club attendants had turned over to the police after figuring that the owner would not be needing them. But Charlebois, a fair swimmer, kept his wits about him when the treacherous current swept him downstream and because of his presence-of-mind, he survived an endurance test in the rushing water that has claimed many a swimmer more powerful than he.

—Central Press Canadian.

MISS SUDBURY—Sudbury representative in the Miss Canada finals will be Barbara Waller, 16, telephone switchboard operator. She won first place in bathing beauty contest, after being dared to enter by lifeguard at Ramsay lake beach. Miss Waller was last contestant to line up.

YOUNG LIFESAVER—One of the youngest life-savers on record is three-year-old Linda Anderson, right, who saved her playmate, Colvin Steele, also three, from drowning at a Kirkland Lake, Ont., dock. The boy, shown here with her, slipped into the water, and Linda held his head above water and screamed until help arrived.—Central Press Canadian.

—Central Press Canadian.

PLASMA AGAIN SAVES LIVES AT FRONT—As he is rushed on a jeep to a plane waiting to fly Korean war casualties to base hospitals, a wounded U.S. soldier is given blood plasma. Again playing a vital role in saving the lives of GIs, plasma is being collected at the front.

—Central Press Canadian.

U.K. WARSHIPS STRIKE ENEMY—This is one of the first pictures of operations in which British and U.S. carrier-borne aircraft were engaged recently in Korean waters. The British destroyer Cossack comes alongside to refuel from the aircraft carrier, H.M.S. Triumph in Korean waters, which had returned from a mission of straffing North Korean columns.

C.C.F. CONVENTION SUPPORTS U.N. KOREAN ACTION—Support for the U.N. action in Korea was pledged by M. J. Coldwell, national leader of the C.C.F., addressing the party's 11th biennal national convention in Vancouver. Among those at the convention are Frank Scott, chairman, left; Angus MacInnis, vice-chairman, M.P. for Vancouver E.; Mrs. Jessie Mandel, B.C.; David Lewis, retiring secretary.—Central Press Canadian.

FIRST WINNER—A Canadian-born private in the U.S. Army, George Neroutsos, became the first winner of the "American Spirit Honor Medal", to be presented to selected soldiers "who typify the American spirit in their performance of duty." Brig.-Gen. R. E. S. Williamson, (right), is making the presentation to Private Neroutsos, whose father, Col. C. H. Neroutsos, lives in Montreal.

TRAVEL-BOUND — Destined for a lot of travelling is this Canadian maplewood gavel and block recently presented to Sir William Hildred (right), director-general of the International Air Transport Association. The pieces are symbolic of the presidency of the association and will travel to all corners of the globe, resting on the president's table at the annual general meetings and keeping harmony among the airlines of more than 40 countries comprising the international air body. Presentation was made by G. R. McGregor, president of Trans-Canada Air Lines.

TAXI-DRIVER HAS UNUSUAL PASSENGER—Judy, a jungle orphan and youngest elephant ever to survive separation from parental care, takes a taxi ride immediately after arrival in San Francisco from Siam. Just a year old, she lost her parents when captured. She stands 32 inches high and weighs 150 pounds. Eventually, her ample hair will year off and she will stand 12 feet high and weigh three tons. Judy will join a circus.

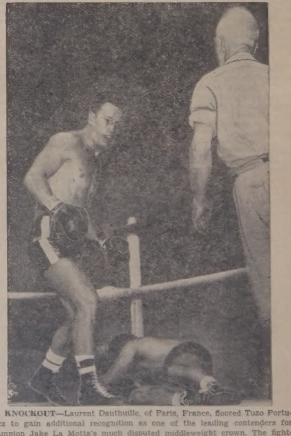
SUGAR WAS A PRIZED ITEM—These New York women are shown reaching for a five-pound bag of sugar that was among the last this grocer had in his store. Sugar, among other items, war running from 15 per cent. to 50 per cent. higher in volume buying in New York as fears of wartime shortages mounted. Canadian stores report little or no higher-than-usual demand for consumer goods.—Central Press Canadian.

—Central Press Canadian.

SUPER-BAZOOKA PROVES EFFECTIVE—Firmly entrenched on a hill in the Korean battle zone, a GI bazooka team takes the field in South Korea with a new "super-bazooka" which has scored heavily against the big-gunned tanks of the Communist invaders.—Central Press Canadian.

WATCH AS COMPASS

If lost in the woods your watch is a compass as long as the sun shines. Point the hour hand at the sun and the south is half way between the hour hand and the figure 12 on your dial.



KNOCKOUT—Laurent Dauthuille, of Paris, France, floored Tuzo Portugues to gain additional recognition as one of the leading contenders for champion Jake La Motta's much disputed middleweight crown. The fighting Frenchman blasted Tuzo in the third round of a scheduled 10 rounder with a series of lefts that completely baffled the Costa Rican. In the above photo referee Tommy Sullivan is just about to step in and count Portugues out for a knockout by Dauthuille in the recent bout at the baseball stadium in Montreal.

U.S. Equipment Flows Steadily To Strengthen Atlantic Nations

By ESTHER V. TUFTY
(CPC Correspondent)

WASHINGTON.—Without fanfare, 1,500 men from eight Atlantic Pact nations are being trained in the U.S. in the use of military equipment.

From Massachusetts to Texas, foreign trainees are now learning to use equipment that will soon be flowing across the Atlantic in increasing volume.

Just how much remains a military secret, but the Mutual Defence Assistance Program calls for a billion dollars to be spent by the U.S.

June has been an active month in M.D.A.P. It opened with the transfer of two United States destroyer escorts to the Netherlands in an elaborate ceremony at the Boston Naval Shipyard.

On June 19, 90 able-bodied seamen from Turkey took over the U.S.S. Bluebird, a submarine rescue vessel now stationed at New London, Conn. Americans training for the United States Air Force at Randolph Field, Tex., are joined by French, Greek and newly arrived Dutch air cadets. Some will "jet-jet." More are on their way.

In training military personnel of Atlantic Pact nations, the United States is creating the "balanced collective force that Atlantic Pact nations consider necessary to defend Western Europe from Russia.

Recently, speaking before the Senate foreign relations committee, Louis Johnson, U.S. defence secretary, listed the fundamentals of military preparedness: manpower, materials and inflation positions from which to employ them.

The North Atlantic Treaty nations, he said, have substantial manpower reserves and strong defensive positions. However, they lack armaments. Under the treaty, the signatory nations stated their intention to work together to furnish that essential, but they would be required.

The Mutual Defence Assistance Program is the answer.

The importance of the idea behind M.D.A.P. was underscored at the Boston ceremonies marking the transfer of the first warships under the program.

The American flag was lowered and the Netherlands flag raised as U.S.S. Bluebird and Rinehart became H.N.M.S. (Her Netherlands Majesty's Ships) Van Amstel and De Ruyter. Some 200 Dutch officers and men in training to man the vessels watched . . . along with U.S. and Dutch dignitaries.

The Voice of America broadcast the program overseas.

So around the world, the Dutch

These six 158-foot U.S. navy landing ships are shown in drydock at the naval shipyard, Bremerton, Wash., being overhauled and put into top operational form. The vessels are slated for early transfer to Indo-China under the mutual defence assistance program.—Central Press Canadian.

ambassador, Dr. Eelco van Kleffens, was heard expressing the "gratitude of the Netherlands for help so generously and wisely afforded by the United States under the Mutual Defence Assistance Program."

He saw the two, destroyer escorts (and other assistance, equipment and military know-how to come later) as "weapons of peace to prevent armed aggression."

With frankness, the ambassador added, "but if, against our hops and prayers, it should become necessary for us to use in defence against armed attack, this equipment would be used with firmness and determination."

The movement of United States equipment to the Western European countries and to free nations in other parts of the world represents the completion of a vast amount of preparatory work here and abroad during the first months of the program.

The M.D.A.P. is called by President Truman an "essential means" of carrying out the United States policy of strengthening free nations.

Most Animals Sensitive To Weather Change

Country dwellers in Great Britain rely on the smallest signs as a means of forecasting the weather, and one of their most prevalent beliefs is that a heavy crop of autumn red berries means a severe winter.

Now Mr. Leonard Cooper, a Cambridge scientist, and Mr. J. R. Clementson, Director of the Bureau of Scientific Research at Cambridge, are preparing to test this theory. They want information from experts in the Home Counties on years when big crops of autumn berries were noticed and the kind of winter that followed.

Some scientists regard country weather lore as misleading and have proved many proverbs to be false.

However, there is no doubt that certain clothes and most animals are far more sensitive to weather changes than human beings, and all countrymen know this. Cattle clustering near the hedge and bees will not leave the hive when rain is due, while dogs become restless before a storm.

One naturalist relied on his pet toad, which he maintained was better than any barometer. If the toad sat on the shady side of the garden it would be warm and dry; if it sat on the sunny side a spell of cold weather was expected, while if the toad took shelter beneath a window ledge it was a sure sign of rain.

Smile Of The Week

CHARGE IT, PLEASE

"My wife tells me that almost every night she dreams she's married to a millionaire."

"You're lucky. Mine thinks that in the daytime."

The moon's surface is about 14,-636,000 square miles—about four times the area of Europe.

U.S. Man Says He Has Discovered The Violin Secret Of Masters

CHICAGO.—A small, intense man who has studied the world's best, the attempt says he has discovered the violin secret of the ages.

Edward Roeder claims he could turn out a violin equal in every way to those made by Old Masters. He said his discovery will make a million for somebody, if not for himself.

Roeder's sales talk is handicapped by one fear: he doesn't want to mention the violins of Antonio Stradivarius.

"There seems to be some sort of superstition with the Strads and varius," he said. "If I said my violins were just as good, then nobody would believe me. They'd think I was a faker."

So lest he scare off his prospective customers, Roeder simply claims his violins rate among the world's best. He acknowledges, however, that the world's best include the fewer than 300 Strads known to be in existance, some of which are valued at up to $150,000.

The secret of Roeder's accomplishment is varnish.

For decades of years, he said, violin makers have tried to discover what makes a violin great.

"A great many supposed it was the varnish," Roeder said, "and for five years I experimented using those lines. Then I gave up. But a little later my son wanted me to varnish a cheap violin he had picked up. I got out my last batch of varnish—it was in a beer glass—and as soon as I used it, I knew I had something."

He refused to say if the beer glass had anything to do with his discovery, but he resumed his experiments and now, 25 years later, he is ready to start selling.

No violin is any better than its varnish, Roeder explained. An unvarnished violin sounds, to a certain degree, like an old master's. But a violin must be varnished to protect it, and its tone is influenced with each sweep of the brush. Roeder thinks his varnish is the same as that his masters.

He won't say what goes into it, but he said he used nothing that hasn't been used before. The only difference, he said, is that he knows how to mix it.

He keeps the formula in a safety deposit vault in a bank. It is in code.

He said he can't get it patented because if he did, "somebody would copy it right on and put a couple of drops of alcohol in it and claim they had a different formula."

Roeder doesn't know if his violins will catch on with musicians, because "after all this is a very revolutionary thing." If they do find a good market, he thinks he will be a very rich man.

"And if something happens to me in the meantime," he said, "well, I guess somebody else will get rich."

Helpful Hints

Soft water makes better starch than hard water.

* * * *

To make smooth flour thickening for gravies or sauces, beat the paste with rotary egg beater. This avoids lumps.

* * * *

When canning fruit, cook foods to the invalid be sure to rinse out the container first with boiling water and oil fill with fruit. It will keep nice and hot during the trip upstairs.

* * * *

Keep in the sewing-room a padded, covered brick to which pin any sewing that needs to be held taut while hand work is being done on it.

* * * *

If white woollens are to turn yellow, use three ounces of peroxide to two gallons of water in washing them. Then dry them in direct sunlight.

* * * *

The kitchen table is usually the correct height for the housewife if she can place her hands flat on top without stooping.

* * * *

Keep oiled rags in a tightly closed metal can. Better yet, burn or wash them after they are used.

* * * *

Some 50 million dimes were put into steel lockers in rail, bus and air terminals last year.

60 Years After 'Death'

MAIDENHEAD, Eng. — Members of three generations of the Seymour family will shortly meet in this Thames-side town to commemorate the "death", 60 years ago, of Mrs. Francis Seymour.

When they sit down to dinner their hostess will be—Mrs. Francis Seymour.

At 88, Mrs. Seymour (she stands less than five feet tall, turns the scales at only 98 pounds) is something of a medical miracle. In 1890 she "died" on the operating table at a London hospital.

At least two of the three surgeons who operated on her for acute septic poisoning pronounced her dead. She stopped breathing for two minutes, and her temperature dropped below the point regarded as the minimum at which a human being can live.

These two surgeons, satisfied that their fight to save the young woman's life had failed, stood back, removed their masks and looked gravely at the third surgeon.

But their colleague did not join them in defeat. Instead, acting on a sudden idea, he took the limp body in his arms and carried it from the theatre.

Running along the corridors, he shouted directions, and in a few seconds the corpse of Francis Seymour was stretched out on a huge block of ice.

And—the corpse came back to life.

Looking back, Mrs. Seymour says the strangest part of the whole story to find she had been "put on ice", but the hectic six weeks which followed. She was the hospital's prize exhibit, and leading physicians queued to examine the woman who literally "froze to life".

"The ice made me shiver so much that the movement helped to restart the shock, too—brought back my circulation, and with it my breathing," she says.

—Central Press Canadian.

CARRIES MEMENTO OF GEN. PATTON—Mrs. Gen. Hobart R. Gay, widow of the famous U.S. Third Army Cavalry Division, is shown with the swagger stick that once the late Gen. Patton. Gay, shown seated on a gun carriage of a large, says "It's my good-luck piece."

Korean Language Typed Horizontally, Read Vertically

(By PAUL SETT)

NEW YORK. — The Korean language is the only one in the world which has to be typed horizontally and read vertically.

There are Chinese and Japanese typewriters which type those languages both horizontally and vertically. But the only Korean keyboard developed so far insists that you begin across the page, from right to left, although you read its words up and down.

This information comes from Martin K. Tytell, a 36-year-old Korean who can make a typewriter perform in 147 languages and dialects. If you can't, him, he'll type up a Korean job. But he doesn't recommend it.

"After you get through making one," he complains, "nobody knows how to use it. It'd probably be much easier to write the language by hand."

Tytell guesses there aren't more than half a dozen Korean typewriters in the world. He made one for the army in 1944. He's glad he never had to use it.

The Chinese language is complicated enough, but Korean uses Chinese ideographic characters, plus a native character called "eo-mun", which combines the two. Some years ago, Tytell says, a Korean scholar devised a keyboard that employs 42 dead keys. You hit one and the carriage doesn't move. In some cases, you have to hit eight or 10 different keys to form one character.

You learn a lot about language differences talking to Tytell.

To convert a typewriter to Persian or Arabic, different hooks have to be joined together and written backwards, from right to left. Siamese is very wealthy in buttons, but you can't tell when it's upside down."

Keyboards used in countries which have the same Latin alphabet also have many differences. On most of American keyboards, the letters are in four fractions—the quarter and half. The British have one-eighth, three-eighths and five-eighths, seven-eighths.

A Portuguese keyboard in Brazil is not an American keyboard except that it has eight type changes and one dead key used to make the Portuguese keyboard in Portugal has 43 type changes.

Keyboards in A, Q, W, Z and M are in different positions than they are here. On the top row, you have a shift for the numerals because the accent marks are on the bottom of the keys. In this country, a French keyboard is different. Among the fractions, the commercial "at" and the cents signs and subtraction, addition, factor, circumflex and cedilla symbols.

And then there are the Spanish keyboards. There's the . . . oh, the heck with it, maybe you have something in the oven.

Tower Operator Just Presses The Buttons

CHICAGO.—J. H. Jones switched 100 freight cars an hour with his index finger.

He just pushes buttons, and an electrically-operated automatic switching control system does the work.

The system, first of its type installed in the United States, was started in the Markham yards of the Illinois Central Railroad 20 miles south of Chicago's loop.

Jones sits in a small office at the crest of a hill. In front of him is a panel with 31 buttons.

Outside is a track that fans out into 45 others. A locomotive pushes cars to the crest. A switchman uncouples each car and it rolls down the hill.

Jones looks at a list that shows the number, contents and destination of each car. Then the track to which it should be switched. If the track is to be switched to track 24, for instance, Jones presses button 24, and the rolling car veers to that track.

Jones says he switches 800 cars during his eight hour tour of duty one of three daily tricks.

The system was adopted to centralize and simplify the car sorting task.

Nobody touches the cars after they start to rumble down the slope. But their speed is controlled by electrically-operated devices.

* * *

The village of Libertad, Ecuador, sank 1,500 feet into the ground as a result of an earthquake.

2893

Scientists Ganging Up On Cancer

NEW YORK. — Scientists the world over are "ganging up on cancer and the day of victory over that enemy of all mankind is being brought closer.

Such was the feeling among some 800 medical men and research experts who met in an international conference in Paris recently. Of those attending, about 270 were from the United States.

Most significant reports at the meeting, perhaps, were the scientific papers on the possible causes of cancer—a mystery that the scientists believe must be cleared up if cancer ever is to be controlled effectively.

Throughout the sessions and particularly among the European doctors there was a strong feeling that the sign substances in the body, such as a virus or a fungus, probably have a part in the cause of abnormal cancerous growth. One scientist reported his studies show that a virus lies dormant in the body, perhaps for years, and is sprung into activity by other factors, such as aging or perhaps some sort of irritants.

The old fungus theory was revived and new evidence was offered that a rare type of fungus had been found in every type of human cancer.

Numerous new methods of treating cancer with chemicals or drugs also were reported. Temporary remissions—or shrinkages of tumors—were reported in the human beings involved, but no cures saved.

The scientists generally exchanged their information freely. Now they are en route to their homes and the results of information locked up in inside single laboratories or medical minds—will be spread to all parts of the world.

Some 55 nations were represented. The Soviet Union sent two medical men who listened to the discussions but did not offer reports of any Russian gains in the battle against cancer.

The next international conference on cancer is scheduled for Rio Janeiro, Brazil, in 1953. By that time, many of the scientists believe, none real "break throughs" in the war on cancer will have been achieved—but a war between men again does not slow up the work.

SURPRISE PACKAGE

CHICAGO.—Mrs. Dorothy Rosenbaum decided to get rid of two footlockers left in her attic by a relative after the Second World War. She turned them over to the Salvation Army unopened.

There was plenty of excitement at Salvation Army headquarters when the lockers were found to contain a mine, two hand grenades and several detonating caps.

FORD TO BUILD

WINNIPEG—Ford Motor Company of Canada has announced plans to build a $800,000 service parts depot in suburban St. James.

Washing Tips On Lingerie

Many women exercise a double standard in caring for their underthings. Although they would never think of rinsing sheer lingerie a second day, they allow their garter belts or girdles to go for weeks or even months without washing. One reason for this neglect of foundation garments by otherwise dainty and fastidious women is the difficulty of washing clothes that are boned, metal-tipped, or stiffened for reinforcement. Because it can be an irksome chore, the task is delayed until straps and facings have turned dark and rubberized portions become discolored and weakened from perspiration.

It's better to wash frequently, being prime and spick and span than clothes get too well set in the fabric. Strenuous scrubbing will wear out the fabric and cause the garment to lose its shape. For stubborn spots use a fingernail brush; there's no need to skin your knuckles on the job. An advance soaking for five or ten minutes—no more—in cool suds will help loosen dirt.

Lukewarm water is best. Repeat rinsing in several tepid baths that subject these clothes to a steaming bath.

Boneless garments may be tossed into the washing machine, provided they stay in the soapy water no longer than three minutes.

Best rule for wringing is: don't. Merely press the water out and roll the garment in a bath towel to absorb any remaining moisture.

There are two methods of drying methods. The clothes should either be individually pressed into shape with a warm iron and a damp towel or else they should be smoothed carefully and hung lengthwise on a line. Never hang elasticized garments up in direct heat such as sun, stove or radiator. The rubberized threads tend to become sticky and rotten. Nor should a hot iron ever touch these parts of the garment.

Canadian Fashion

CO-EDS' DELIGHT—Above, "back to college in corduroy," is motto for this full skirt with huge cuffed pockets.

Paint Adds To Trim Appearance Of House

Here are a few tips to keep in mind if you're thinking of tackling a little light painting in the fall and step, for example. Let's presume there are one or two spots where the paint has blistered, or worn away allowing dirt to get around into the surface. All such spots should be wire-brushed, and carefully sanded to make the edges even with the rest of the paint film. An undercoat should then be applied, before the final coat of porch paint, and make sure it's porch paint you use for it's specially formulated to stand up to hard weather wear as well as the scrubbing it gets from shoes. You'll be surprised how fresh a house looks when the porch and steps are freshly painted.

Freshly-painted shutters also add to the trim appearance of a house. Once again empty the wire brush, or dust on the surface before plying or dust on the surface before plying the paint brush. Incidentally never paint a surface while it's in the hot sun. It's a comparatively simple matter to arrange the job so that you're in the shade. It's better for you and the work. With neutral gray or white for the body of the house, and a dark roof, almost any color may be selected for the shutters, entrance door and window trim. If the body is painted red, yellow, brown or gray would be harmonious choices. With a bright red roof, an agreeable contrast is given by soft green, turquoise, maroon, or soft blue.

Paint-neglected gutters and drains soon discolor walls and rust, costing money for repairs or replacements. Leaking gutters frequently are the cause of paint breakdown and of damage inside the house where water gets behind the siding. It's simple matter to paint a coat of paint on the eaves trough, but first of all get the wire brush to work, and if the gutter is a metal one, make sure that you get right down to the metal surface and apply a coat of metal primer before painting. Paint, of course, will be the same shade as the roof unless you want the trough to stand out, when it could be finished in the shade as the trim.

Flashings require painting the same as other parts of the house. Driving rains burst out the smallest break of the metal when rust has opened the way. Attention to painting of such danger spots will help keep water outside the building and avoid trouble, inconvenience and repair bills.

These are just a few paint tips but they're easy to do, and will protect your house for a long while.

Arctic Patrol Vessel Is Well-Equipped

MONTREAL.—Leading a dog's life may have been tough in the past, but it won't be like that on the sleek new Department of Transport Arctic patrol ship C. D. Howe.

The 8,450-ton ship designed to replace the ill-fated Nascopie, which foundered three years ago off Cape Dorset on Hudson Bay, has modern kennels built into her hull to carry Eskimo dogs. Crewmen report that they are the last word in doggie comfort.

The C. D. Howe has accommodation for 65 passengers, and 12 Eskimos and their dogs, and is one of the most revolutionary ships ever turned out of a Canadian shipyard. She was built at Lauzon.

The 358-foot ship she carries a ship helicopter that will be used to guide her through the icefields and to take emergency hospital cases aboard.

The new vessel has a completely equipped hospital and will be the first floating hospital unit of its type to make the way into the far northerly waters.

Provisions have been made to carry a doctor, a dentist, missionaries, R.C.M.P. officers, hydrographers, surveyors, scientists, and interpreters. She will visit isolated missionary, trading and police posts, and will push her way through the ice to reach undocked areas.

The vessel is commanded by Capt. C. G. Chouinard, a veteran of 29 years' service with the Department of Transport.

THIS FAMILY GOES FOR EDUCATION

NORMAN, Okla. — Mrs. Ouzie L. Van Valkenburgh of Blackwell, Okla., believes she has one of the most educated families in the United States. Thirteen of her 14 children and stepchildren have one or more college degrees and the 14th is working for one at the University of Oklahoma. Mrs. Van Valkenburgh is at the moment working toward a master's degree in education.

: STAMP CORNER :

By JAMES MONTAGNES

—Stamps courtesy Imperial Stamp Shop, Toronto

New stamps issued include a set of stamps issued by the Saar, French zone of Germany (top left), for Helsingfors 400th anniversary of its founding by Finland (top right), for May Day and for 200th anniversary of birth of Mozart. Each for French zone (lower left and centre) and by Saar for Holy Year (lower right).

With the present world situation, there is becoming of increasing interest, and stamp collectors can find many which appear in their newspapers, reproduced on stamps in their collections. One of Korea, for instance, can be found on a Japanese Empire. Formosa, another right from Japanese Empire. Formosa, another right from Japan to China a few years ago.

Maps are featured on the stamps of many countries. The earliest example, which appeared in 1887, belongs to Panama, and was issued while that country was still part of Colombia. Map stamps have been issued for many and various countries. The United States, one of the most prolific producers of them, has issued map stamps to commemorate the Louisiana Purchase, a number of state anniversaries, the opening of the Everglades National Park in Florida, and China's resistance to Japan. In the Philippines map stamps commemorate events as divergent as a Eucharistic Congress and the fall of Bataan and Corrigidor in the Second World War. Many map stamps are in memory of historic journeys, as Spain's map of the Madrid-Manila air flight, and New Zealand's depiction of the route of the ship carrying the first shipments of frozen mutton to England.

It is interesting to note that every one of the 20 Latin American republics has issued at least one map stamp at one time or another. Among the more interesting of these are the issue made by Chile and Argentina showing their Antarctic claims, which brought these countries in diplomatic conflict with Great Britain. The United Kingdom in turn put out an issue from the Falkland Islands showing her claims to islands bordering the Antarctic continent.

A large number of Latin American stamps commemorate instances of international co-operation, sometimes among all the American republics such as the Pan-American Union, or between the one country and its good neighbor to the north, the United States. The most recent of these is a Brazilian stamp issued in memory of President Harry Truman's visit to Brazil in September, 1947.

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Ed. Note—If you have any old Canadian, Newfoundland or British North American stamps for sale or exchange write to our Advertising director, Mr. Fred Kuhn, 120 Wellington St. W., Toronto 1, Ont., who is an authority on stamps. Please enclose self-addressed stamped envelope for reply.

OUR COMPLETE SHORT STORY—

THE LIGHT TOUCH

Slickest Pickpocket In The Business.

By Monica McDonald

IT WAS too early yet for a crowd in Rico's de luxe gambling establishment. The croupiers leaned gloomily against the tables, keeping a weary eye for a stray.

Nona, one of the girls in Rico's employ, sat down across from the black jack dealer and laid a dollar on the table.

"All right, Rico?" she called across the room. Rico was stacking silver dollars in the racks.

"Sure," he said. "What you win is yours."

Nona's long fingers turned up the card daintily. It was as though she barely touched them and they did her bidding. Neither she nor the dealer spoke but Nona had forty-seven silver dollars when Rico called her to preside at the dice game. People were beginning to come in.

"Lucky tonight, baby?" asked Rico, putting his hand on her shoulder. "You have the light touch, Nona."

She looked up, startled.

Rico took up his station where he could keep an eye on things, thinking gloomy that the house lately had been unaccountably missing.

Rico was fascinating to many women. His skin was a fashionable coffee color. His teeth showed white and gleaming when he smiled, and his hair was very black. Toward the end of the evening, two curls detached themselves from his hair. He looked like Mephistophiles, Nona decided.

When he relieved a croupier, as he often did, he was as graceful as a leopard. And as dangerous, thought other women, hopefully.

To Nona, he was astonishingly kind. Perhaps in a way he was even in love with her. Generally it was Nona whom he escorted home after hours.

Nona wasn't vivacious but she had a mind like a machine. Uncluttered. She sat up and whispered, "Big party tonight. We leave at eleven."

"Rico," she said, "not tonight. I'll have to get some sleep."

"If that's the way it is, baby, all right," he said impatiently, and turned to a lacquered blonde, dripping diamonds on scarlet-tipped fingers.

"Rico, I'd love it," Nona heard, as the two moved away the blonde clinging to Rico.

Nona couldn't generate even a pang of jealousy. Why should she, when it wasn't love she wanted of Rico? She was just plain weary from the tension of what she had been doing.

Three o'clock next afternoon, her telephone rang while she was still drugged with sleep.

It was Rico, in the lobby, explaining and apologizing for being sharp with her last night. Obviously he was as aware as she after his gasping a saucer of cream. The party must have been to his liking, she thought. Or could it be something else . . . ?

"Nona, darling," he was saying, "I'm flying to Los Angeles in a chartered plane, and I would like to have you go with me. Stay there as long as you can sleep and be lazy. You will have a long rest, away from everything."

Rico, the sophisticate . . . Rico who knew all about women. One had to humor Rico . . .

Nona didn't feel relaxed on the plane as long as she could. She shouldn't have yielded to Rico's persuasiveness, and fly to another state, into a new sheltered place.

The long, late hours under tension had taken a lot out of her. Her mind didn't seem to be functioning any more. Her tapering, beautiful fingers did her bidding, but perhaps the touch wasn't as light.

The flight was uneventful and there was a small crowd at the airport. Rico took Nona's arm to help her from the plane to the ground, it slipped and he kept such a firm grip on her arm.

A small, agile man fell in step beside them.

Nona looked up at Rico.

"Lady," said the little man, palming a badge. "Your luck has run out."

He turned to Rico.

"The slickest pickpocket in the business—when she was a blonde. The light touch," he said.

"I know," Rico said softly.

(Copyright Whitaker Newspaper Syndicate)

Western Athletes Eligible For 1951 European Tour

TORONTO—Canadian junior track and field athletes, already rated among the best in the world, will have a chance to prove their mettle themselves in 1951 when they tour Europe, the Track and Field Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union of Canada announced here.

A Great Britain, Holland, Belgium, France, Sweden, Finland and Norway will be visited, said Lloyd Percival, director of Sports College who originated the idea, was asked to head organizing committee.

A Sports College survey of performances indicated that a representative team from Canada should be more than able to hold its own against a similar team from any country in the world, Percival said. Rich Ferguson of Leaside recently competed in England and Scotland and where he defeated some of Europe's top senior runners.

The team will be selected after the 1951 Dominion Junior Championships on the basis of performances during the year, said Percival.

Eligible for the team, which would have an age-limit of 19, would be such junior amateur athletes as Ferguson, John Ross of Oakville, 1950 Canadian open cross-country champ and Joyce and Don McFarlane, two outstanding sprinters from Hamilton, Pete Gratton of Toronto, who set records at the recent junior championships, Bob Bazos of Toronto, a four minute miler in the same meet, Doug Kyle, outstanding junior miler in the prairies, and Gord Dickson, distance runner from Claireshaine, Alberta.

Telephone Poles Mar Beauty

VANCOUVER—British Columbia's scenic beauty taken a beating from poorly-placed telegraph poles.

That's the observation of sunbronzed Eric Cooke, 40-year-old Englishman who has cycled some 20,000 miles in Canada and the United States since he left England four years ago.

Cooke originally set out for New Zealand but he says he fell in love with Canada. He decided to make a photographic tour of the Dominion.

Picture snapping jaunts in Canadian wilds have caused the five-foot, three-inch cyclist his share of grief. Once in the Rockies he wandered in rugged grizzly bear country for 12 hours before reaching civilization by following a creek.

Besides himself, Cooke pedals a 60-pound kit, including a tent and sleeping bag, on his cross-country hops. He's had to buy five new tires for the rear wheel of his bike since he left his home in England.

Indians Spank Babies To Sleep

VAL D'OR, Que.—Indians at Great Lake Mistassini, in northern Quebec, put their children to sleep by spanking them, says R.C.M.F. Constable Paul Champagne.

Constt. Champagne, who recently visited the Indians, said that children are propped up in their papoose carriers while an elder member spanks them gently with a paddle.

A few whacks and the baby is asleep, tired out squirming away from the smacks.

FOUND GUILTY

Farmer charged with drunk driving said he was dizzy from using *DDT*. Court found him guilty, taking the view he might be well on his way towards the D.T.'s.

Many Deserting Big Cities For Small Towns

Thousands of families today are deserting big cities in the United States to return to small towns in search for a better way of life.

Revealing the real facts behind this amazing exodus, the August forward article, Escape from the City, based on a country-wide survey, points out that, "For the first time in more than three-quarters of a century," the stampede to the cities has been slowed and, by the thousands, Americans are turning back—back toward the simpler and more secure acquaintance that only the small town can offer."

In a fast-paced, atomic world, Americans are finding the basic need for security—for a chance to put roots that is too often denied them in the impersonal, crowded centres.

What are the advantages of small town living? For one thing, life moves slowly enough so that one can see and savor it as it passes by. Local government is comprehensible, and neighborhood activities are not to slickly streamlined. In its friendly atmosphere, one finds that the small town judges and appreciates one as an individual.

To the typical city dweller, these advantages have an almost-antique ring —relaxation and fresh air, shoe-scuffing room for the children, a place to park the family car. The thousands who are turning to the small towns do find a rich life for themselves and their families are demanding their right to be individuals as opposed to being part of the big city herd.—Montreal Daily Star.

Tourist Trade Shows Drop

OTTAWA.—"The war in Korea has hit Canada's tourist trade," Leo Dolan, director of the Canadian government travel bureau, said that this season's volume of visitors has dropped below that of 1949 and in 1949, by instead of hitting a new all-time high ca had been predicted a year ago.

The main factor is the drop in holiday travel from the United States. Canadians are being hit hard as a result.

"By pre-war standards," Mr. Dolan said, and, "we still have a travel boom on our hands. But by last year's standards our tourist trade has fallen off. The war threat is the direct cause."

Many Americans are cancelling reservations at Canadian holiday resorts, it was stated. They are held back by the mounting cost of draft and by the added pressure of business at home.

Mr. Dolan said that some of the less firmly established resorts in the Maritimes and Newfoundland are having hard times. The pattern is much the same across Canada.

The travel bureau director is just back from a two-week fact-finding tour of Newfoundland. He returned from the province last week.

Tremendous tourist possibilities. New and improved roads are the chief needs.

Trout, 29 Lbs. Leads Contest

FLIN FLON, Man.—Gilbert Best, a visitor from Gilbert Plains, landed a 29½ pound trout, to top the record of the week so far, which previously stood at 25 pounds, and that the much maligned northern pike. The latter fish was caught some weeks ago by A. Abrahmson. Both fishermen had registered in the contest for which the prize is a new automobile.

Fishermen who intend trying their luck in northern waters this summer are asked to register at Gall Motors office, in Flin Flon, before taking to the lakes. Only by official registration may any catch qualify for the contest.

Mr. Best was accompanied by Bert West, of Flin Flon, and the monster was caught at Trout lake.

Report has it that W. J. Ward, M.P. of Dauphin, on a vacation here, caught a trout in Beaver lake which tipped the scales at 28 pounds, but unfortunately, Mr. Ward had not registered for the contest.

BIRD FANCIER FINDS RARE EGGS

BURNABY, B.C.—Another "first" in egg collecting has been recorded by Walter S. Maguire, 1501 Douglas, one of Canada's top authorities on wild life.

His new find—a clutch of seven golden crown kinglet eggs—is good news to bird lovers. Although there has been some suggestion that golden kinglets have been nesting here for years, the finding this is the first proof the tiny species has adapted itself to B.C.'s coastal clime.

NOTHING TO IT

EDMONTON—An Edmonton woman has found a novel way of repairing her radio. She threw it out the window. A neighbour picked it up, took it home and plugged it in. The radio worked like a charm. He phoned police about his discovery and they returned the radio to its original owner.

Britain has the highest proportion of book readers according to population.

2894

Everyone Gets Into The Act

Indians of the Stony, Alberta, tribe put on their traditional war finery to celebrate the 61st Indian Day at Banff. Among the celebrities joining in the capers was former film star Harold Lloyd, right, who tried on the eagle-feather bonnet of Chief George Crawler for size.—Central Press Canadian.

Commands Unit

Captain J. V. Brock of Winnipeg and Vancouver is commander of the Canadian destroyer division assigned to the United Nations forces for the defence of South Korea. The ships, H.M.C.S. Sioux, Cayuga and Athabaskan, are "somewhere in the Pacific."—Central Press Canadian.

Airmail Service To Tokyo To Be Started

VANCOUVER—First airmail service via Canadian planes from Tokyo to Canada may be inaugurated within the next three months, W. J. Turnbull, deputy postmaster-general, said.

Just returned from a nine-day flying visit to Japan, Mr. Turnbull said he found, "we still have a travel boom on our hands. But by last year's standards our tourist trade has fallen off. The war threat is the direct cause."

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WEDDING GUESTS SUFFER FOOD POISONING

MEETING CREEK, Alta. — Sixty out of 83 wedding guests suffered from food poisoning after a reception here.

Fourteen persons including the groom, Gordon Kass, were taken to hospital at nearby Camrose. All were discharged later on. The bride, Margaret Brandell, was only slightly ill.

Cream spoiled by heat was believed to be the cause of the poisoning.

OLDEST GOOSE

RADWAY, Alta. — What may be the oldest goose in Canada is living on the district farm of Anton Platz. Born in 1937, the goose, with broad and lame, has been a record producer for many years, averaging 30 to 40 young ones annually.

Motorist Did Not Trust City Officials

MONCTON, N.B. — A headstrong motorist threw city officials—the police, too—into a tizzy after his car bogged down in a hole on a paved street. The motorist refused to have his car moved from the 13-inch depression by the pavement, caused by an underground leak, until the city settled all damages on the spot. The motorist finally agreed to have his car towed to the nearest garage for an appraisal of the damage.

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Western Briefs

First Rye Delivery

EDMONTON.—First 1950 delivery of grain was reported here to have been made to a Taber elevator in the Lethbridge district by farmer Elmer Morans. He delivered two loads of rye from his crop which averaged 10 bushels to the acre.

Field Crops Day

MORDEN, Man.—A large group of local farmers and visitors from as far as Fargo, N.D., attended a well planned field crops day at Morden. The plans for the occasion were worked out by W. J. Breakey, director of the fields crops branch of the local experimental station. Preceding the inspection tour short addresses were given by the visiting outside experts, this was followed by a series of field demonstrations. Featured were hybrid corn, twenty-dye varieties of wheat flax and barley.

Damaged Gardens

PLATO, Sask. — A light aircraft, engaged in spraying operations near here, accidentally dumped a load of weed-killer over the village. Resultant damage to garden crops and shrubbery was "disastrous", although full extent of the damage caused by the lethal cloud was not ascertained.

Armory Planned

FLIN FLON, Man.—Preliminary survey of a site for an armory in Flin Flon is underway here according to a press release by the 21st Field Squadron, R.C.E. No official word has been received in connection with the survey on a parcel of crown land at the back of the ball park on Green street.

It Just Depended

YORKTON, Sask. — Officially the high in Yorkton July 28 was 89 but just how it hit you depended on what you were doing. The fellow tarring a roof said it was several unprintable words hotter where he was, while perhaps the coolest citizens were the two unclothed shoppers who were allowed to sit a while in the locker plant freezing room. In contrast it was 118 above in the back room of a dry cleaning plant. One store featured a window of fur coats and fur gain prices but the saleslady reported there were no sales.

Holding Conference

WINNIPEG—Canada's national employment committee, advisory body to the unemployment insurance commission, will hold a conference here Oct. 2 to 4—first time the body has been scheduled to meet in the Alberta capital.

Canadian Boys Have Adventurous Journey

Fifty Canadian boys between the ages of 15 and 17 had an adventurous journey to Britain. Their berths were booked in the liner "Franconia" which ran aground near Quebec. After being taken ashore there they completed their trip to England by aircraft. They flew across the Atlantic in two parties, (one plane developing engine trouble en route).

Each boy was insured for $100,000 by Canadian Sanuel King, Enfield Weston, who arranged and financed their journey to Britain.

The boys dined with the Duke of Gloucester, lunched in the Houses of Parliament as guests of Beverley Baxter, and met Field Marshal Lord Auchinleck.

The Royal Navy arranged a special outing for them in motor torpedo boats.

TAKES HEAVY TOLL

STRATHROY, Ont. — Canada lost two citizens every day through drowning in 1946, Hon. Paul Martin, health minister, said in an address at the opening of a service club swimming pool here. He said 724 Canadians drowned during the year, though even this figure was a considerable improvement over previous years.

Obstacles Surmounted

New Oil Pipeline Fast Burrowing Its Way Across The Prairies

Project Hall Way Completed And On Schedule

WINNIPEG. — A steel-skinned serpent born of Alberta's rich tar sands is fast burrowing its way through 1,195 miles of prairie land, heading east to a competitive spot in the vast oil markets of North America.

Officials of the Inter-Provincial Pipeline Company report that trenching, welding, pipe-laying and trench-filling operations are almost half completed. They started last spring.

Their aim is to connect Alberta's wells with the Lakehead outlet at Superior, Wis., and thence bring crude oil to refineries at Sarnia, Ont. The 20- and 16-inch pipeline, at a cost of $90,000,000 will do it at one-third to one-quarter of present railway freight rates.

A 75-mile spur line connecting refineries at Winnipeg with Gretna, a pumping station near the international border, was begun recently. Southern Manitoba's spring floods delayed the $2,500,000 project.

Among advantages claimed for their "glorified plumbing" are a lower price for petroleum products, a consequent increase in demand, and a resultant impetus to coal preparation for new fields. Western oil in eastern markets would also save United States dollars ($90,000,000 last year).

Present production potentials of Alberta fields is about double Prairie demand, and greater than Prairie refining capacity.

The line was first envisaged as a 480-mile feeder from Edmonton to Regina. Then, in 1948, the Redwater field boomed northeast of Edmonton. And production jumped by 50,000,000 barrels daily.

Imperial oil engineers and financiers fathered the I.P.C., drafted its route, and arranged financial backing in Canada and the U.S. They decided to pipe eastward to the Great Lakes and Atlantic and possibly European markets, instead of west to British Columbia and the Pacific markets.

An all-Canadian route was proposed, then ditched because it was 120 miles longer.

Crews of Canadian workmen and American pipeline experts bucked the rigorous winter to prepare for spring ditching. Huge machines bore frozen ground to lay the 3½-foot-deep trench ahead of pipe. Winding machines cost the welded, 40-foot sections with tarred insulation. Side-boom tractors lower them into an Earthen cradle. Dreglines and clamshells bury them.

Progress varies from one to nine miles daily, depending on terrain and weather. Workmen and their families leapfrog near the moving pipehead, or move to and from nearby towns.

Main hitches were a shortage of pipe due to the U.S. steel strike, the treacherous spring break-up, and river crossings along the route.

On the Edmonton-Regina leg, where the line crosses the South Saskatchewan between Outlook and Macrorie, Sask., pipe-laying was held up more than three months. A sudden thaw dissolved the plan to bury the section down through the ice. Now they will be floated across, sunk, and buried in a trench dug afterward by a suction dredge.

Construction reports of three "legs" indicate progress is on schedule.

—Central Press Canadian.

PAT III, the last of the ex-prime minister's Irish terriers, is a lonely dog, now. He was Mr. King's constant companion on walks through the Kingsmere estate.

Giant Sturgeon Caught In B.C.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C. — A giant sturgeon, second big one caught this season, was brought in and weighed up here recently.

The 12-foot monster weighed 731 pounds. It was caught by Herman Erickson when it became entangled in his salmon net.

The sturgeon didn't put up much of a fight. Erickson tied a rope around its tail and towed it to shore.

Estimates are the fish will bring Erickson about $130.

Big as it is, the fish doesn't set any record. On June 8 this year, another sturgeon beat it by almost 100 pounds.

In 1928, a 1,015-pound sturgeon was caught here and veteran fish buyers said they remember buying one caught by an Indian in Pitt Lake in 1924 which weighed 1,200 pounds.

Grocer Tricks Bargain Hunters

WASHINGTON.—Max Rosenthal, grocer, isn't sure just what he proved recently, but . . .

He stacked sugar outside his store and put up a sign reading "special five pounds sugar, 98 cents."

Lines formed, he said, and he sold about 800 pounds in four hours.

Grocers across the street continued selling sugar at five pounds for 59 cents and had no rush.

"I just wanted to see the reaction," grinned Rosenthal. "I wanted to prove that the price doesn't mean a thing. If they want it they buy it."

Membership Of Sask. Credit Unions Up

Credit unions in Saskatchewan at March 31, totalled 229, according to a quarterly report by A. C. Maclean, supervisor of credit unions, provincial Department of Co-operation.

Eleven new credit unions were organized in the 12 months ending March 31 and membership increased by more than 5,000 to 44,884.

Total assets of these credit unions were $11,808,335 on March 31, ($8,901,581 on March 31, 1949), a gain of 33 per cent. Loans to members totalled $8,322,088 ($6,978,593 last year), a gain of 26 per cent.

The province is being divided into five credit union districts, each with a resident district representative in charge.

WEST GERMANY PLANS CONSULATE IN CANADA

BONN, Germany.—The West German government plans to establish consulates in at least 12 more countries, including Canada, authoritative sources said.

The other 11 countries are Australia, Belgium, Denmark, Greece, Holland, Italy, Luxembourg, Norway, Sweden, South Africa and Turkey.

The United States, Britain, France and Switzerland already have accepted German consuls.

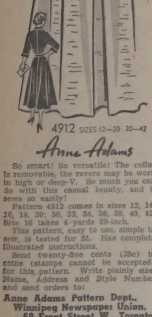
Fiery, Itching Toes and Feet

Here is a clean, soothing ointment all that will cause to help you get rid of your trouble than anything you've ever used. It's amazing its powerful penetrating that the relief is quickly noticed; and in a short time, even the worst cases appear to be improved. The same is true of Mother's Friend, Sal Khenz, Eczema—other irritating unsightly skin troubles.

You can obtain Mother's Emonid Oil in the original bottle at your druggist. Remember if it fails to put—and follow it by any of the ointments above it now indicated.

Fashions

For Now And Later



4912 SIZES 12—20 30—42

Anne Adams

So smart! So versatile! The collar is removable, the revers may be worn in high or deep-V. So much you can do with this casual number, and it sews so easily!

Pattern 4912 comes in sizes 12, 14, 16, 18, 20; 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42. Size 16 takes 4-yards 39-inch.

This pattern, easy to use, simple to sew, is tested for fit. Has complete illustrated instructions.

Send twenty-five cents (25c) in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) for this pattern. Write plainly size. Name, Address and Style Number and send orders to:

Anne Adams Pattern Dept.,
Winnipeg Newspaper Union,
60 Front Street W., Toronto.

Indians Spank Babies To Sleep

VAL D'OR, Que.—Indians at Great Lake Mistassini, in northern Quebec, put their children to sleep by spanking them, says R.C.M.F. Constable Paul Champagne.

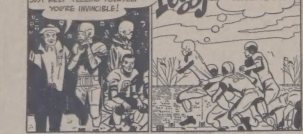
Constt. Champagne, who recently visited the Indians, said that children are propped up in their papoose carriers while an elder member spanks them gently with a paddle.

A few whacks and the baby is asleep, tired out squirming away from the smacks.

FOUND GUILTY

Farmer charged with drunk driving said he was dizzy from using *DDT*. Court found him guilty, taking the view he might be well on his way towards the D.T.'s.

PEGGY



—By Chuck Thurston

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BER
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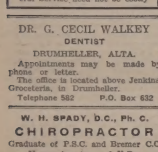

Rush your order to "The Times" for an Advt. in these Classified columns when you have anything

For Sale, Lost, Rent, Wanted or Found

Church Services

THE UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA
Rev. H. G. Leeuw, Minister.

Sunday School	9.45 a.m.
Service of Worship	7.30 p.m.

And on Alternate Sundays:

Craigmyle	11.00 a.m.
Hand Hills	2.00 p.m.
Michichi	2.15 p.m.

Come and Worship

Delia Inter-Denominational Church.

T. D. SEELEY, Pastor.

Sunday School	11 a.m.
Church Service	12 o'clock.

We invite you to come.

LES' AGENCIES
Life, Fire, Automobile and Casualty Insurance
Income Tax Real Estate
Notary Public
DELIA, ALBERTA.

Local Grain Prices

Tuesday, September 19, 1950

Oats—	
2 c.w.	.93½
Ex. 2 c.w.	.40½
3 c.w.	.40½
Ex. 1 feed	.40½
1 feed	.40½
2 feed	.40½
3 feed	.39½
Barley—	
No. 3 c.w. 6 row	.78
No. 3 c.w. 6 row	.76
1 feed	.70
2 feed	.68
3 feed	.58
Rye—	
2 c.w.	1.37
3 c.w.	1.23
4 c.w.	1.14½
Rejected	1.03
Flax—	
1 c.w.	3.03
2 c.w.	2.93
3 c.w.	3.38
4 c.w.	3.33

Dominion Wheat Board Prices

No. 1 Northern	1.21½
No. 2 Northern	1.18½
No. 3 Northern	1.11½
No. 4 Northern	1.03½
No. 5 Wheat	.93½
No. 6 Wheat	.87½
Feed Wheat	.81½

To be honest about what we are really fighting for we must see what we are really living for.

Notice

IN THE MATTER of the Gas Resources Preservation Act, being Chapter 2, Statutes of Alberta, 1949 (Second Session), and Amendments thereto, and

IN THE MATTER of the Application of Prairie Pipe Lines Limited and Prairie Transmission Lines Limited.

TAKE NOTICE that an application will be made on behalf of Prairie Pipe Lines Limited and Prairie Transmission Lines Limited to the Petroleum and Natural Gas Conservation Board, for a permit to remove gas or cause it to be removed from the Province of Alberta, for use or consumption elsewhere than within the said Province, under the provisions of The Gas Resources Preservation Act, being Chapter 2, of the Statutes of Alberta, 1949 (Second Session), and amendments thereto.

AND FURTHER take notice that the said Board has fixed the hearing of the application for the hour of 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon on the 9th day of October, 1950, at the Court House in the City of Calgary, in the Province of Alberta.

DATED at the City of Edmonton, in the Province of Alberta, this 2nd day of September, A.D. 1950.

PRAIRIE PIPE LINES LIMITED.
PRAIRIE TRANSMISSION LINES LIMITED. 37-38

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—1947 Fargo Half Ton Truck, 18,000 mileage, grain box, stock racks and heater, in A-1 shape. J. B. McCully, Delia. Phone 207. 38 40p

FOR SALE—A 1929 Model "A" Ford Coupe. Motor one year old; with four new tires.
2p Phone 803, Delia.

FOR SALE.—Coal Shed, 8'x10'x 7' high. Located at rere of Masonic Hall. Apply to Secretary, Hand Hill Lodge, No. 98, Delia, Alta. 37 38s

The Delia Times

PUBLISHED WEDNESDAY EVGS

Jos. McKibbon Editor and Proprietor

Subscription rates $2.00 per annum payable in advance.

Classified Advertising, such as Lost, Stolen or Strayed, Articles Wanted or For Sale, &c., 50c. first insertion, first five lines or less, extra lines 10c per line. Subsequent insertions 25c, extra lines 5c prepaid. If charged 25c extra will be added.

Municipal, Legal and Reader Advertisements 15c per, line first insertion, 10c per line each subsequent insertion.

Display Advertising and Local ad. rates on application.

Changes of advertising must reach this office not later than noon each Tuesday to insure insertion in the following issue.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1950

NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE

Individual people make sacrifices to buy life insurance, accident insurance, sickness insurance.

They channel into these insurance payments a part of the money that they could use for luxuries, even necessities. And they do so still hoping that they won't die young and won't have a serious sickness or accident.

Individual people believe that making such a sacrifice to provide insurance for the protection of themselves and for their families is just good, common sense.

When individual citizens of a nation elect a parliament they expect its legislators to have as much common sense as they themselves.

They expect those elected representatives to buy insurance with a portion of their tax payments, insurance against those calamities which the individual as an individual finds it difficult, if not impossible, to guard against.

Our members of parliament have prided themselves that they have bought with the electors' money a large measure of domestic security through unemployment insurance, old age pensions, mothers' allowances, health grants, etc.

Yet, while this emphasis on domestic security has been great and has been consuming a large part of our tax dollar, we have been apparently failing to make adequate payments on our national life insurance.

We are beginning, all too slowly, to realize that higher old age pensions and bigger unemployment insurance benefits are of little use to the dead or the enslaved.

If we want our legislators to increase our life and liberty insurance, by seeing to it that Canada has adequate military defences and makes its proper contribution to the maintenance of a world freedom, now is the time to tell them so—and in unmistakably clear and forceful terms.

The life and liberty of Canada and of each democratic citizen can be saved through collective insurance

And no insurance is free.

Its payments are sometimes made in human blood.

Local and District

Alfred Piffer, of Calgary, visited in Delia over the week end.

* * *

Mrs C. Church journeyed to Calgary last week.

* * *

Mrs. Violet Baras left last week for Edmonton.

* * *

Mrs. John Dmytruk was a visitor to Calgary last Thursday.

* * *

Lorna Hoover, from Calgary, spent the week end at the home of her parents here.

* * *

Mrs R. R. Morrison and Mrs. Alex. Morrison, Sr., were visitors to Calgary on Monday.

* * *

Mrs. Wm. Carter (nee Enid Julson), of Victoria is home on an extended stay with her father.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Hewson left on Sunday for their new home in Calgary.

* * *

Mrs. J. M. Pettit, of Calgary, spent the week end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Larder.

* * *

Russell Julson left by bus on Monday evening, to begin a premedical course at Mount Royal College, Calgary.

* * *

Cecil Thompson left for Edmonton by bus Tuesday evening, to resume his studies in dentistry at the University of Alberta.

* * *

Mrs. A. O. Rsham, of Edmonton, spent the week end at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Crosweller.

* * *

Old-timers will have to tax their memories to recall a year to match the present, with its long continued spell of dry, warm harvest weather. This is particularly fortunate, as many of the heavier crops are unseasonably late.

* * *

Duncan Reid, of Edmonton, was a visitor in Delia last Thursday, and called at this office. Travelling by bus, he arrived on Monday and left for home on Friday. While here, he was the guest of his daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. C. Church.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Sims, of Manitowaning, Ont., accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Spence, are visitors in Delia. Percy, who real old-timers will remember as road foreman in the bad old days of horse and man-killing road work, motored up from the East and is renewing old acquaintances.

Love is a skein of thread, both ends of which are held by a woman, in which she offers to let us wrap ourselves.

Sunbeam News

Charles Butler, from Calgary, is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fult Johnson.

* * *

Mrs. Andy Nelson and daughter were recent visitors to Kindersley.

* * *

Chris Kerr, from Hollywood, California, returned home the forepart of the week, after surveying his holdings in this district.

* * *

The September meeting of the Women's Missionary Society was held at the home of Mrs. Ethel Deeprose.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs Bill Lowe, Elmer Lowe and son, Barry, motored to Calgary last Monday.

* * *

Mrs. George Carter had the misfortune to fall into the basement and injured her arm severely.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Scotty Watters and son, Peter, left for Uculet, on the Island, last Friday morning.

* * *

Bert Holland, from Drumheller, spent last week at the home of his sister, Mrs. Thos. Ridley.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Scotty Watters and son, Peter, from Uculet, B.C., and Mrs. D. J. Watters, of Delia, were Monday evening guests at the Nelson home.

* * *

Most farmers have started combining. Wheat is grading No. 2, and a pretty good weight.

* * *

I wish to thank all those who visited me, those who sent me cards and letters, and all the beautiful flowers received while a patient in the Drumheller hospital.

Mrs. Art Nelson.

M.D. Council of Starland

(Continued from Front Page).

Union Tractor and Equipment Co. for a new short block assembly for No. 12 motor patrol ST831, purchased in 1948.

Moved by Dep. Reeve Rowe and carried, that the Secretary obtain quotations re car lot prices for grader blades from the various supply firms.

In connection with a petition presented by Mr. P. Schnurer, Sr., for the construction of 14 miles of road in Range 17, it was moved by Reeve Waters and carried, that no action be taken at the present time, and that the petition be filed.

The monthly financial statement, as presented by the Secretary, was accepted by the Council and signed by the Reeve.

The following accounts were passed for payment, on motion of Coun. McLaren:—

Alberta Govt. Telephones, tolls and rental	$ 16.26
Canadian Utilities Ltd., streets, office, garage, hopper plant	39.84
The Salvation Army, re Miss McAuley	30.00
St. Joseph's Hospital, re Chester Wilson	79.50
Lutheran Home for the Aged, re Miss A. Jonsson	55.35
Provincial Treasurer, Mothers' Allowances (2 mos.)	34.00
Imperial Oil Co., re gas, grease	21.00
Community Publications, subscriptions	92.00
Mrs. R. B. Morits, inventory & repair account	20.90
S. R. Hooper, insurance	87.48
Morris Community Hall, hall rental	10.00
Municipal supplies Ltd., printing and stationery	4.86
Canada Crossing Co., culverts	75.06
Special Areas Board, culverts	103.60
Imperial Oil Ltd., fuel, etc.	590.59
W. D. Fitzsimmons, fuel	26.18
Morris Implement Co., fuel oil and repairs	740.60
E. G. Parry & Co., repairs, and posts and wire	43.30
Union Tractor & Equipment Co. repairs	1308.01
D. Ackland & Son, repairs and anti-freeze	374.94
Cruickshank Road Machinery, repairs	34.80
Costello Equipment Co., repairs	48.35
Pepper Bros. Ltd., repairs	30.60
Canadian Junk Co., repairs	101 27
Canadian Liquid Air Co., repairs	18.00
F. Dalsberry, repairs	5.00
Crown Lumber Co., repairs	14.68
Crown Lumber Co., repairs	8.10
A. B. Hanley, repairs	1.53
Wm. Gibson, repairs	2.27
Jakey's Auto Service, repairs	7.35
Munson Garage, repairs	8.00
Todd Hardware, repairs	175 29
C. R. Morits, repairs, express, etc.	6.87
C. R. Morits, repairs, express, etc	43.64
C. R. Morris, truck mileage	99.16
Leo Carroll, car mileage	3.06
R. Morgan "	2.50
O. Moe "	1.40
A. Nagy "	1.30
A. W. Byer, cartage	10.14
Bennett Cartage, cartage	9.36

H. F. Irwin, mileage A.S.B.	124.90
Jas. Rogers, labor, hopper plant	18.00
G. Winkler, labor, general	5.95
Felix Battle, labor Div. 1	24.30
Joe Mascisagelo, labor Div. 1	42.30
J. W. Foland, labor Div. 2	6.75
Road Sheet, Div. 1	290.58
Road Sheet, Div. 2	1080.53
Road Sheet, Div. 3	140.25
Road Sheet, Div. 4	76.47
Road Sheet, Div. 5	127.10
Road Sheet, general	42.85
Road Sheet, repairs	96.22

Meeting adjourned, on motion of Dep. Reeve Rowe.

Next meeting on Tuesday, October 10th, 1950.

RADIO

The following are among the high lights of programs to be heard over CBC stations on Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday, Sept. 21, 22, 23 and 24. All times mentioned are Mountain Standard Time.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21

4:00 p.m.	CBC Opera Stars.
4:15 "	Ed. McCurdy.
4:30 "	Treasure Island.
4:45 "	Western Five.
5:00 "	The Stoetch Preacher.
5:30 "	Prelude to Dusk.
5:45 "	CBC News.
6:00 "	Weather.
6:00 "	Melodic Moods.
6:30 "	Glover's Lane.
7:00 "	CBC National News.
7:15 "	News Roundup.
7:30 "	Eventide.
8:00 "	Musicale.
8:30 "	John and Judy.
9:00 "	Arthur Godfrey.
9:30 "	Vancouver Concert.
10:00 "	CBC News.
10:10 "	Weather.
10:15 "	Focus.
10:30 "	Winnipeg Drama.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 22

4:00 p.m.	Here Comes The Band.
4:30 "	Sleepy Time Story Teller.
4:45 "	Don Messer.
5:00 "	Continental Moods.
5:30 "	Prelude to Dusk.
5:45 "	CBC News.
6:00 "	What's Going On Over There
6:45 "	To be announced.
7:00 "	CBC National News.
7:15 "	News Roundup.
7:30 "	Parlow String Quartet.
8:00 "	Music by Eric Wild.
8:30 "	It's Murder.
9:00 "	Report from the Provinces.
9:15 "	Recital.
9:30 "	Beat the Champs.
10:00 "	CBC News.
10:10 "	Weather.
10:15 "	Bill Good.
10:30 "	Canadian Short Stories.
10:45 "	Talk.
11:00 "	Hot Air.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23

5:30 p.m.	Share the Wealth.
6:00 "	CBC News.
6:30 "	Saludos Amigos.
7:00 "	Lower Basin Street.
7:30 "	CBC Square Dance.
8:00 "	Prairie Schooner.
8:30 "	Dance Orchestra.
9:00 "	Soiree a Quebec.
9:30 "	John Sturgess.
10:00 "	CBC News.
10:10 "	Weather.
10:15 "	Trocadero Orchestra.
10:30 "	Dance Orchestra.
11:00 "	Dixieland Jubilee.
11:30 "	Dance Orchestra.

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 24

5:30 p.m.	My Uncle Louis.
6:00 "	Sunday Evening Hour.
6:45 "	The Old Songs.
7:00 "	Summer Theatre.
7:30 "	Little Symphonies
8:00 "	CBC National News.
8:10 "	Weekend Review.
8:20 "	Our Special Speaker.
8:30 "	To be announced.
9:00 "	Starlime.
10:00 "	To be announced.
10:30 "	To be announced.
11:00 "	CBC News.
11:10 "	Weather.
11:15 "	Canadiana.
11:30 "	Prelude to Midnight.

The boundary between Canada and Alaska is 1,539 miles in length.

"I enjoyed my shopping today!"

Yes, I *really* enjoyed my shopping trip—I bought all the things I saved for!

That's the way I plan my bigger purchases. They seem to come easier, and more quickly, when I put something into the bank regularly. I like the *comforting* feeling of watching my account grow.

I hate keeping too much cash around the house. It's so convenient to have the bank take care of it. And my bank book tells me where I stand.

I guess most women are much like me—housewives with modest savings who find their neighborhood bank handy, useful . . . always obliging.

SPONSORED BY YOUR BANK